BODOLAND UNIVERSITY

Curriculum Structures for NEP 4 Year UG Programme B Sc IT (Bachelor of Information Technology)

Year 2023

PROGRAMME STRUCTURE AND DETAILED CURRICULUM



BODOLAND UNIVERSITY

DEBARGAON, KOKRAJHAR
Assam

BODOLAND UNIVERSITY

Curriculum Structures for NEP 4 Year Under Graduate Syllabus For Information Technology

No. of papers=45, Total Credits=160, Total Marks = 4030

	1 ST SEMESTER							
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Mark	Total		
ITBMAJ1014: Programming Fundamentals using C	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMIN1014: Introduction to Computer and Office Tools	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBIDC1013: Computer Fundamentals	Inter-disciplinary Course (IDC)	2+0+1	3	40(Theory)+10(Practical)		50		
ITBAEC1012: English/ Hindi/MIL Communication	AECC-1	2	2	50 (Theory)		50		
ITBSEC1013: ICT Hardware	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	2+0+1	3	40(Theory)+10(Practical)		50		
ITBVAC1014: Desktop Publishing (DTP)	Value Added Course (VAC)	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
	Total		20			450		

	2 ND SEMESTER							
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total		
ITBMAJ1024: Data Structure	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMIN1024: Introduction to HTML and web Designing	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBIDC1023: Introduction to Programming Language	Inter-disciplinary Course (IDC)	2+0+1	3	40(Theory)+10(Practical)		50		
ITBAEC1022: English/ Hindi/MIL Communication	AECC-2	2	2	50 (Theory)		50		
ITBSEC1023: Fundamentals of Java programming	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	2+0+1	3	40(Theory)+10(Practical)		50		
ITBVAC1024: Social Media Technology	Value Added Course (VAC)	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
	Total		20			450		

	3 RD SEMESTER							
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total		
ITBMAJ2014: Database Management System	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMAJ2024: Object Oriented Programming Using C++	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMIN2014: Introduction to Linux	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBIDC2013: Basics of Web Designing	Inter-disciplinary Course (IDC)	2+0+1	3	40(Theory)+10(Practical)		50		
ITBAEC2012: English/ Hindi/MIL Communication	AECC-3	2	2	50(Theory)		50		
ITBSEC2013: Introduction to SQL	Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)	2+0+1	3	40(Theory)+10(Practical)		50		
	Total		20			450		

4 TH SEMESTER							
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total	
ITBMAJ2034: Computer Organization and Architecture	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100	
ITBMAJ2044: Digital Logic	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100	
ITBMAJ2054: Data Communication and Computer Network-I	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100	
ITBMIN2024: Introduction to programming using C/C++	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100	
ITBAEC2022: English/ Hindi/MIL Communication	AECC-4	2	2	50(Theory)		50	
ITBINT2012	Internship		2			50	
	Total		20			500	

	5 TH SEMESTER								
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total			
ITBMAJ3014: Software Engineering	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMAJ3024: Operating System	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMAJ3034: Theory of Computation	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMAJ3044: Introduction to Python Programming	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMIN3014: Basics of DBMS and SQL	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
	Total		20			500			

	6 TH SEMESTER								
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total			
ITBMAJ3054: Computer Graphics	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMAJ3064: Microprocessor	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMAJ3074: System Administration using Linux	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMAJ3084: Compiler Design	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMIN3024: Introduction to R Programming	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
	Total		20			500			

	7 TH SEMESTER							
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total		
ITBMAJ4014: Data Mining And Warehousing	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMAJ4024: Digital Image Processing	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMAJ4034: Computer Networks-II	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMAJ4044: Numerical Methods and Probability OR	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBREM4014: Research Methodology	Research Methodology	3+1+0		70(Theory)	30	100		
ITBMIN4014: Introduction to Data Science using Python Programming	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
	Total		20			500		

In BSC CS 8th Semester Learners may choose either Group-A or Group-B

	8 TH SEMESTER (Group-A)								
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total			
ITBMAJ4054: Distributed Systems	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBADL4014: Advanced DBMS	Advanced Learning	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBADL4024: Management Information System	Advanced Learning	3+1+0	4	70(Theory)	30	100			
ITBADL4034: Cyber Security	Advanced Learning	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
ITBMIN4024: Introduction to Embedded Systems	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100			
	Total		20			500			

	8 TH SEMESTER (Group-B)							
Paper Code & Name	Course	L+T+P	Credit	End Semester Marks	Internal Marks	Total		
ITBMAJ4054: Distributed Systems	Major	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBMIN4024: Introduction to Embedded Systems	Minor	3+0+1	4	50(Theory)+20(Practical)	30	100		
ITBREP40112 Dissertation	Research Project		12			300		
	Total		20			500		

PROGRAMME LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR B.SC. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

After completion of the programme Learner would be able to -

- 1. Develop proficiency to identify the real world problems and find a proper solution to it.
- 2. Increase critical thinking levels and skills so that they can outshine in life
- 3. Design, implement and evaluate a computer-based system
- 4. Comprehend computational skills on multidisciplinary areas to meet the global standards
- 5. Work in a team or collaborative environment to achieve a common goal
- 6. Establish themselves for sustainable career development in Govt., Private and Public Sectors with worthy values

1ST SEMESTER

ITBMAJ1014: Programming Fundamentals using C (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course learning Objectives

- To learn procedure oriented problem solving
- To acquire knowledge on reusability of program instructions using functions
- To learn about memory allocation and de-allocation techniques, preprocessor directives
- To acquire knowledge on various files stream and file handling operations

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to understand the significance of procedural concept to solve problems
- Enable learners to grow skills of writing effective C program instructions, functions, apply memory allocation techniques
- Enable learners to construct programs
- Learners would be able to solve problems on file handling concepts ,operators and function
- Learners would be able to know about exceptions and handle them in programs.
- Learners would acquire problem solving skills to tackle real world problems

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit 1: Fundamentals

(15Lectures 12 mark)

Major components of a Digital Computer (A brief introduction of CPU, Main memory, Secondary memory devices and I/O devices) Keyboard, monitor, mouse, printers, Secondary storage devices (floppy disks, hard disks and optical disks). Representation of numbers (only a brief introduction to be given) and characters in computer. ASCII. EDCDIC and Gray codes. Interpreter, Assembler, Linker and Loader. Flowchart and Computer programs. Number System: Binary, Hexadecimal, Octal, BCD, and conversions of number systems.

Unit 2:Introduction to C

(22 Lectures 20marks)

Elementary data types , variables, constants and identifiers. Integer, character floating point and string constants, variable declarations. Syntax and semantics, Reserved word. Initialization of variable during declarations, Constant data types. Expression in C, precedence and associativity of C operators, unary and binary operators. C arithmetic operators, assignment operators, relational operators, logical operators and bit –wise operators. Conditional Statement-if, if-else, switch. Iterative Statement-white, do-while, for. Statement –break , continue, goto, return, null Statement, block Statement. Function: function declaration. Calling a function. Parameters –Call by value, Call by reference and its absence in C. Cast and sizeof operator.

Unit 3:Arrays and pointers

(15 Lectures 12marks)

Storage classes: Automatic, External, Static, Register. Scope and lifetime of variables. Arrays and pointers and corresponding operators. Pointer arithmetic. Programs using arrays and pointers like sum, average, minimum, maximum of an array of numbers. Add and delete an element of an array. Merge two sorted arrays. String manipulation programs like string concatenation, palindrome, reverse, copy etc. Selection sort and bubble sort.

Unit 4:Structures and Files

(8 Lectures 6marks)

Structure – declaration and use. Structure member resolution and structure pointer member resolution operators. Programs to show the use of structure. Standard C library. Files in C—opening, closing, reading and writing of files. Seeking forward and backward. Simple examples of file handling programs.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Programming with C, B.S. Gottfried, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- 2. Programming in ANSI C, E.Balagurusamy, Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. The C Programming Language, B.W. Kernighan and D.M.Ritchie, PHI
- 4. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson, 2010.

ITBMAJ1014 LAB: Programming Fundamentals using C Lab

- 1) Write a program to convert a given temperature value from Fahrenheit scale to Centigrade scale and vice versa.
- 2) Write a program to display ASCII value of a character.
- 3) Write a program to check whether a number is perfect or not.
- 4) Write a program to find out the biggest of three numbers using nested if.
 - a. A company insures its drivers if either of the following conditions are satisfied Driver is married. Driver is an unmarried, male and above 30 years of age. Driver is unmarried, female and above 25 years of age. Write a program to decide if a driver is to be insured using logical operators.
- 5) Write a program to read a list of positive integers terminated by -1 and display the odd and even numbers separately and also their respective counts.
- **6)** Write a program to find out minimum, maximum, sum and average of n numbers without using array.
- 7) Program to find mean and standard deviation (SD) for a set of n numbers without using array.
- **8)** Write a program to find out the roots of a quadratic equation. Use proper testing to find checks for real and complex roots.
- 9) Write a program to print the digits of a number in words. (eg. if a number 841 is entered through the keyboard your program should print Eight Four One||.)
- **10)** Write a program to print the PASCAL Triangle up to the n-th row where n is an input to the program.
- **11)** Write a function to return the HCF of two positive integers. Write a main function to read two positive integers and print their HCF and LCM by using the above function.
- 12) Write a program to convert a decimal number into binary number using function.
- **13)** Write a program to display the result of sine series using function.
- **14)** Write a program to find the sum of the following series 1+x-x^3/3!+x^5/5!-x^7/7!+.... corrected up to the 3 decimal place.
- **15)** Write a program to read n numbers in a sorted array and insert a given element in a particular position
- **16)** Write functions to compute the factorial of a number using both recursive and non-recursive procedure.
- 17) Write a program to print the values of ncr and npr for given positive integers n > 0. Use a function fact(n) to return the factorial of a non-negative integer.n. ncr=n!/r!*(n-r)! ncr=n!/(n-r)!
- 18) Write a program to display the first n Fibonacci numbers using function.
- **19)** Write a program to display the prime numbers within a given range. Write a function to check whether a given integer is prime or not and use it.
- 20) Write a program to Multiply two matrices using function.
- **21)** Write a program to display the prime numbers within a given range. Write a function to check whether a given integer is prime or not and use it.
- **22)** Write a program to Multiply two matrices using function.

- **23)** Write a program to display the upper Triangle and lower Triangle of a given square matrix using function.
- **24)** Write a function to check if a given square matrix is symmetric or not. Write a main function to implement it.
- **25)** Write a program to read a m X n matrix and calculate the Row sum and Column Sum of the matrix.
- 26) Write a function to read in an integer and print the representation of the number using the sign and magnitude representation scheme using 8 bits. The program should check for overflow/under flow conditions. The left most bit is to be used as the sign bit.
- **27)** Write a program to merge two sorted arrays.
- **28)** Write a program to implement selection sort using function.
- **29)** Write a program to count the number of vowels in a string.
- **30)** Write a program to concatenate two strings using function (without using library function).
- **31)** Write a program to convert a string from upper case to lower case and vice versa.
- **32)** Write a program to swap two numbers using function (pass the pointers).
- **33)** Write a program to sort n number of strings in ascending order using pointer.
- **34)** Write a program using pointers to copy a string to another string variable (without using library function).
- **35)** Declare a structure of a student with details like roll number, student name and total marks. Using this, declare an array with 50 elements. Write a program to read details of n students and print the list of students who have scored 75 marks and above.
- **36)** Write a program to read a text file and count the number of vowels in the text file.
- 37) Write a program to copy a text file to another file.

ITBMIN1014: Introduction to Computer and Office tools (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course learning objectives

- To learn and acquaint with various applications of computer systems
- To apply human interface systems
- To identify and analyze various components of a computer system
- To acquire knowledge on using office tools like word processor, spreadsheets, presentation slides

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners could apply computer systems in various fields
- Learners could be acquainted with various input and output devices
- It would help achieve learners with identification of computer components and peripherals to assemble and de-assemble parts
- Learners would be to gain knowledge on documentation, calculation through spreadsheets and presenting information on slides.

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to Computer

(20 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Definition of Computer, Block Diagram of a typical digital Computer, Evolution of computers & its generations), Hardware and Software, Functional Components of computer and their inter-connections, Types of Software (System Software, Utility Software and Application Software), Operating System, Need for operating system, Functions of Operating System (Processor Management, Memory Management, File Management and Device Management), Types of operating system, concept of Booting, POST (Power On Self Test) and Loading of Operating System, data representation

Unit-2: Input/Output Devices, Memories & CPU

(14 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Keyboard, monitor-display Unit, mouse, printers etc., ROM, RAM, Cache, Primary memory and secondary memory, Secondary storage devices (hard disks, optical disks, flash memory), backup devices, Cloud Storage, Memory Concepts Units:- Byte, Kilo Byte, Mega Byte, Giga Byte, Tera Byte, Peta Byte, Exa Byte, Zetta Byte, Yotta Byte, Basic concepts of CPU, microprocessor, Clock speed (MHz, GHz), 16 bit, 32 bit, 64 bit processors, 128 bit processors, CPU Functions, CISC Processors (Complex Instruction set computing), RISC Processors (Reduced Instruction set computing), motherboard, cables, Extension cards, expansion slots, SMPS

Unit-3: Office Tools (Word Processor)

(14 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Creating a document, editing and formatting a document, saving and printing a document, inserting text and graphics (image, shapes, symbols, equations, Header & Footer), Page Layout, page setting, Paper Style, Working with Tables, Linking objects, Word Wrapping, Paragraph settings, Hyphenation, Alignment, Spell checker, Thesaurus, Use of mail merge, protect documents

Unit-4: Office Tools (Spreadsheet & Presentation)

(12 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Create spreadsheets, Format cells, rows, columns, and entire worksheets, Enter data into a spreadsheet, Use of formulas and functions for math, accounting, and totaling, Calculate data, Create charts and diagrams, Working with Excel templates, Share and protect your worksheets and workbooks,

Create new presentations from scratch/templates, Adding text, pictures, sounds, movies, and charts in presentations, Format objects, Design slides using themes, colors, and special effects, Animate objects, Adding special effects to slide transitions, Working with Master Slides, Set up slide shows and rehearse timings

ITBMIN1014 LAB: Introduction to Computer and Office tools LAB

Practical exercises based on MS Office/ Open Office tools using document preparation, spreadsheet and presentation slide handling packages.

MS Word

- 1. Prepare a grocery list having four columns (Serial number, The name of the product, quantity and price) for the month of April, 06.
 - Font specifications for Title (Grocery List): 14-point Arial font in bold and italics.
 - The headings of the columns should be in 12-point and bold.
 - The rest of the document should be in 10-point Times New Roman.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points after the title.

2. Create a **telephone directory**.

- The heading should be 16-point Arial Font in bold
- The rest of the document should use 10-point font size
- Other headings should use 10-point Courier New Font.
- The footer should show the page number as well as the date last updated.
- 3. Design a **time-table form** for your college.
 - The first line should mention the name of the college in 16-point Arial Font and should be bold.
 - The second line should give the course name/teacher's name and the department in 14-point Arial.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points.
 - The rest of the document should use 10-point Times New Roman font.
 - The footer should contain your specifications as the designer and date of creation.
- 4. BPB Publications plans to release a new book designed as per your syllabus. Design the **first page of the book** as per the given specifications.
 - The title of the book should appear in bold using 20-point Arial font.
 - The name of the author and his qualifications should be in the center of the page in 16-point Arial font.
 - At the bottom of the document should be the name of the publisher and address in 16-point Times New Roman.
 - The details of the offices of the publisher (only location) should appear in the footer.
 - 5. Create the following one page documents.
 - a. Compose a note inviting friends to a get-together at your house, Including a list of things to bring with them.
 - b. Design a certificate in landscape orientation with a border around the document.
 - c. Design a Garage Sale sign.
 - d. Make a sign outlining your rules for your bedroom at home, using a numbered list.
- 6. Create the following documents:
 - (a) A newsletter with a headline and 2 columns in portrait orientation, including at least one image surrounded by text.

- (b) Use a newsletter format to promote upcoming projects or events in your classroom or college.
- 7. Convert following text to a table, using comma as delimiter Type the following as shown (do not bold).

Color, Style, Item Blue, A980, Van Red, X023, Car Green, YL724, Truck Name, Age, Sex Bob, 23, M Linda, 46, F Tom, 29, M

9. Enter the following data into a table given on the next page.

Salesperson	Dolls	Trucks	Puzzles
Kennedy, Sally	1327	1423	1193
White, Pete	1421	3863	2934
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067

Add a column Region (values: S, N, N,S,S,S) between the Salesperson and Dolls columns to the given table Sort your table data by Region and within Region by Salesperson in ascending order:

In this exercise, you will add a new row to your table, place the word "Total" at the bottom of the Salesperson column, and sum the Dolls, Trucks, and Puzzles columns.

- 10. Wrapping of text around the image.
- 11. Following features of menu option must be covered

FILE	Complete menu					
EDIT		Complete menu				
VIEW		Complete menu				
INSERT		Complete menu				
FORMA	Т	Complete menu				
TABLE		Complete menu				
WINDO	W	Complete menu				
HELP		Complete menu				

TOOLS All options except Online collaboration, Tools on Macro, Templates

MS Excel

1. Enter the Following data in Excel Sheet

State	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	QTR4	Qtr Total	Rate Amount
Delhi	2020	2400	2100	3000	15	
Punjab	1100	1300	1500	1400	20	
U.P.	3000	3200	2600	2800	17	
Haryana	1800	2000	2200	2700	15	
Rajasthan	2100	2000	1800	2200	20	

TOTAL AVERAGE

(a) Apply Formatting as follow: I. Title in

TIMES NEW ROMAN

- ii. Font Size 14
- iii. Remaining text ARIAL, Font Size -10
- iv. State names and Qtr. Heading Bold, Italic with Gray Fill Color.
- v. Numbers in two decimal places.
- vi. Qtr. Heading in center Alignment.
- vii. Apply Border to whole data.
- (b) Calculate State and Qtr. Total
- (c) Calculate Average for each quarter
- (d) Calculate Amount = Rate * Total.

2. Given the following worksheet

	Α	В	C	D
1	Roll No.	Name	Marks	Grade
2	1001	Sachin	99	
3	1002	Sehwag	65	
4	1003	Rahul	41	
5	1004	Sourav	89	
6	1005	Har Bhajan	56	

Calculate the grade of these students on the basis of following guidelines:

If Marks	Then Grade
>= 80	A+
>= 60 < 80	Α
>= 50 < 60	В
< 50	F

3. Given the following worksheet

	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G
1	Salesman		Sales	in (Rs.)			
2	No.	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	Qtr4	Total	Commission
3	S001	5000	8500	12000	9000		
4	S002	7000	4000	7500	11000		
5	S003	4000	9000	6500	8200		
6	S004	5500	6900	4500	10500		
7	S005	7400	8500	9200	8300		
8	S006	5300	7600	9800	6100		

Calculate the commission earned by the salesmen on the basis of following Candidates:

If Total Sales	Commission
< 20000	0% of sales
> 20000 and < 25000	4% of sales
> 25000 and < 30000	5.5% of sales
> 30000 and < 35000	8% of sales
>= 35000	11% of sales

The total sales is sum of sales of all the four quarters.

4. A company XYZ Ltd. pays a monthly salary to its employees which consists of basic salary, allowances & deductions. The details of allowances and deductions are as follows:

Allowances

• HRA Dependent on Basic

30% of Basic if Basic <= 1000

25% of Basic if Basic>1000 & Basic<=3000

20% of Basic if Basic >3000

- DA Fixed for all employees, 30% of Basic
- Conveyance Allowance Rs. 50/- if Basic is <=1000 Rs.

75/- if Basic >1000 & Basic <= 2000

Rs. 100 if Basic > 2000

• Entertainment Allowance NIL if Basic is

<=1000 Rs. 100/- if Basic > 1000

Deductions

• Provident Fund

6% of Basic

• Group Insurance Premium Rs. 40/- if Basic is <=1500

Rs. 60/- if Basic > 1500 & Basic <= 3000

Rs. 80/- if Basic >3000

Calculate the following:

Gross Salary = Basic + HRA + DA + Conveyance + Entertainment

Total deduction = Provident Fund + Group Insurance Premium

Net Salary = Gross Salary – Total Deduction

5. Create Payment Table for a fixed Principal amount, variable rate of interests and time in the format below:

No. of Instalments	5%	6%	7%	8%	9%
3	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
4	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
5	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
6	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

6. Use an array formula to calculate Simple Interest for given principal amounts given the rate of Interest and time

Rate of Interest 8%

Time 5 Years

Principal Simple Interest

1000 ?

18000 ? 5200 ? 7. The following table gives year wise sale figure of five salesmen in Rs.

Salesman	2000	2001	2002	2003
S1	10000	12000	20000	50000
S2	15000	18000	50000	60000
S3	20000	22000	70000	70000
S4	30000	30000	100000	80000
S5	40000	45000	125000	90000

- (a) Calculate total sale year wise.
 - Calculate the net sale made by each
- (b) salesman
- (c) Calculate the maximum sale made by the salesman
- (d) Calculate the commission for each salesman under the condition.
 - (i) If total sales >4,00,000 give 5% commission on total sale made by the salesman.
 - (ii) Otherwise give 2% commission.
- (e) Draw a bar graph representing the sale made by each salesman. (f) Draw a pie graph representing the sale made by salesman in 2000.
- 8. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

PERSONAL BUDGET FOR FIRST QUARTER

Monthly Income (Net): 1,475

EXPENSES	JAN	FEB	MARCH QUARTER	QUARTER
			TOTAL	AVERAGE
Rent600.00	600.00	600.00		
Telephone	48.25	43.50	60.00	
Utilities	67.27	110.00	70.00	
Credit Card	200.00	110.00	70.00	
Oil	100.00	150.00	90.00	
AV to Insurance	150.00			
Cable TV	40.75	40.75	40.75	

Monthly Total

Calculate Quarter total and Quarter average.

- (a) Calculate Monthly total.
- (b) Surplus = Monthly income Monthly total.
- (c) What would be total surplus if monthly income is 1500.
- (d) How much does telephone expense for March differ from quarter average.
- (e) Create a 3D column graph for telephone and utilities.
- (f) Create a pie chart for monthly expenses.

9. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

TOTAL REVENUE EARNED FOR SAM'S BOOKSTALL

Publisher na	me 19	997	1998	1	1999		2000	total
Α	Rs. 1,000	.00 Rs. 1	100.00	Rs. 1	1,300.00	Rs.	800.00	
В	Rs. 1,500	.00 Rs.	700.00	Rs. 1	1,000.00	Rs.	2,000.00	
С	Rs. 700	0.00 Rs.	900.00	Rs. 1	1,500.00	Rs.	600.00	
D	Rs. 1,200	.00 Rs.	500.00	Rs. 2	200.00	Rs.	1,100.00	
E Rs	800.00 Rs	s. 1,000.00	Rs. 3,000).00 R	₹s.	560.0	00	

- (a) Compute the total revenue earned.
- (b) Plot the line chart to compare the revenue of all publisher for 4 years.
- (b) Chart Title should be _Total Revenue of sam's Bookstall (1997-2000)'
- (c) Give appropriate categories and value axis title.
- 10. Generate 25 random numbers between 0 & 100 and find their sum, average and count. How many no. are in range 50-60

ITBIDC1013: Computer Fundamentals

(Credit: 3, Total Marks: 50) (Theory: 40 Marks, Practical: 10 Marks)

Course learning objectives

- To learn and acquaint with various applications of computer systems
- To apply human interface systems
- To identify and analyze various components of a computer system
- To acquire knowledge on recent technologies in software industry

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners could apply computer systems in various fields
- Learners could be acquainted with various input and output devices
- It would help achieve learners with identification of computer components and peripherals to assemble and de-assemble parts
- Learners gain knowledge on current trends in technologies

Theory: 40 lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to Computer Systems & Data Representation (10 Lectures, 10 Marks)
Introduction to computer system and its characteristics, uses, types and Application of computer in various areas (Education, Medical, Ticketing, Media House, Animation Industry, Research etc.), Number systems and character representation, binary arithmetic

Unit-2: Human Computer Interface and memories

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Software and its types, Operating system as user interface, utility programs, Input and output devices (with connections and practical demo), keyboard, mouse, joystick, scanner, OCR, OMR, bar code reader, web camera, monitor, printer, plotter, Memory-Primary, secondary, auxiliary memory, RAM, ROM, cache memory, hard disks, optical disks, flash drives(memory cards, pendrives)

Unit-3: Computer Organization and Architecture

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

C.P.U and its functions, registers, system bus, main memory unit, cache memory, Inside a computer, SMPS, Motherboard, Ports and Interfaces, expansion cards, ribbon cables, memory chips, processors

Unit-4: Overview of Emerging Technologies

(10 Lectures, 6 Marks)

Bluetooth, cloud computing, big data, data mining, mobile computing and embedded systems.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. A. Goel, Computer Fundamentals, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 2. P. Aksoy, L. DeNardis, Introduction to Information Technology, Cengage Learning, 2006
- 3. P. K.Sinha, P. Sinha, Fundamentals of Computers, BPB Publishers, 2007

ITBIDC1013 LAB: Computer Fundamentals LAB

Practical exercises based on MS Office/ Open Office tools using document preparation and spreadsheet handling packages.

MS Word

- 2. Prepare **a grocery list** having four columns (Serial number, The name of the product, quantity and price) for the month of April, 06.
 - Font specifications for Title (Grocery List): 14-point Arial font in bold and italics.
 - The headings of the columns should be in 12-point and bold.
 - The rest of the document should be in 10-point Times New Roman.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points after the title.
- 2. Create a **telephone directory**.
 - The heading should be 16-point Arial Font in bold
 - The rest of the document should use 10-point font size
 - Other headings should use 10-point Courier New Font.
 - The footer should show the page number as well as the date last updated.
- 3. Design a **time-table form** for your college.
 - The first line should mention the name of the college in 16-point Arial Font and should be bold.
 - The second line should give the course name/teacher's name and the department in 14-point Arial.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points.
 - The rest of the document should use 10-point Times New Roman font.
 - The footer should contain your specifications as the designer and date of creation.
- 5. BPB Publications plans to release a new book designed as per your syllabus. Design the **first page of the book** as per the given specifications.
 - The title of the book should appear in bold using 20-point Arial font.
 - The name of the author and his qualifications should be in the center of the page in 16-point Arial font.
 - At the bottom of the document should be the name of the publisher and address in 16-point Times New Roman.
 - The details of the offices of the publisher (only location) should appear in the footer.
 - 6. Create the following one page documents.

- e. Compose a note inviting friends to a get-together at your house, Including a list of things to bring with them.
- f. Design a certificate in landscape orientation with a border around the document.
- g. Design a Garage Sale sign.
- h. Make a sign outlining your rules for your bedroom at home, using a numbered list.
- 8. Create the following documents:
 - (a) A newsletter with a headline and 2 columns in portrait orientation, including at least one image surrounded by text.
 - (b) Use a newsletter format to promote upcoming projects or events in your classroom or college.
- 9. Convert following text to a table, using comma as delimiter

Type the following as shown (do not bold).

Color, Style, Item Blue, A980, Van Red, X023, Car Green, YL724, Truck Name, Age, Sex Bob, 23, M Linda, 46, F Tom, 29, M

9. Enter the following data into a table given on the next page.

Salesperson	Dolls	Trucks	Puzzles
Kennedy, Sally	1327	1423	1193
White, Pete	1421	3863	2934
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067

Add a column Region (values: S, N, N,S,S,S) between the Salesperson and Dolls columns to the given table Sort your table data by Region and within Region by Salesperson in ascending order:

In this exercise, you will add a new row to your table, place the word "Total" at the bottom of the Salesperson column, and sum the Dolls, Trucks, and Puzzles columns.

- 12. Wrapping of text around the image.
- 13. Following features of menu option must be covered

FILE	Complete menu
EDIT	Complete menu
VIEW	Complete menu
INSERT	Complete menu
FORMA [*]	Complete menu
TABLE	Complete menu
WINDO'	Complete menu
HELP	Complete menu
TOOLS	All options except Online collaboration, Tools on Macro, Templates

MS Excel

2. Enter the Following data in Excel Sheet

		REGIO	NAL SALES PRO	DJECTION	V	
State	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	QTR4	Qtr Total	Rate Amount
Delhi	2020	2400	2100	3000	15	
Punjab	1100	1300	1500	1400	20	
U.P.	3000	3200	2600	2800	17	
Haryana	1800	2000	2200	2700	15	
Rajasthan	2100	2000	1800	2200	20	

TOTAL AVERAGE

(a) Apply Formatting as follow: I. Title in

TIMES NEW ROMAN

viii. Font Size - 14

ix. Remaining text - ARIAL, Font Size -10

x. State names and Qtr. Heading Bold, Italic with Gray Fill Color.

xi. Numbers in two decimal places.

xii. Qtr. Heading in center Alignment.

xiii. Apply Border to whole data.

(d) Calculate State and Qtr. Total

- (e) Calculate Average for each quarter
- (d) Calculate Amount = Rate * Total.

2. Given the following worksheet

	Α	В	C	D
1	Roll No.	Name	Marks	Grade
2	1001	Sachin	99	
3	1002	Sehwag	65	
4	1003	Rahul	41	
5	1004	Sourav	89	
6	1005	Har Bhajan	56	

Calculate the grade of these students on the basis of following guidelines:

If Marks	Then Grade
>= 80	A+
>= 60 < 80	Α
>= 50 < 60	В
< 50	F

3. Given the following worksheet

	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G
1	Salesman		Sales	in (Rs.)			
2	No.	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	Qtr4	Total	Commission
3	S001	5000	8500	12000	9000		
4	S002	7000	4000	7500	11000		
5	S003	4000	9000	6500	8200		
6	S004	5500	6900	4500	10500		
7	S005	7400	8500	9200	8300		
8	S006	5300	7600	9800	6100		

Calculate the commission earned by the salesmen on the basis of following Candidates:

If Total Sales	Commission
< 20000	0% of sales
> 20000 and < 25000	4% of sales
> 25000 and < 30000	5.5% of sales
> 30000 and < 35000	8% of sales
>= 35000	11% of sales
The total sales is sum of sales of	all the four quarters.

5. A company XYZ Ltd. pays a monthly salary to its employees which consists of basic salary, allowances & deductions. The details of allowances and deductions are as follows:

Allowances

• HRA Dependent on Basic

30% of Basic if Basic <= 1000

25% of Basic if Basic>1000 & Basic<=3000

20% of Basic if Basic >3000

- DA Fixed for all employees, 30% of Basic
- Conveyance Allowance Rs. 50/- if Basic is <=1000 Rs.

75/- if Basic >1000 & Basic <= 2000

Rs. 100 if Basic > 2000

• Entertainment Allowance NIL if Basic is

<=1000 Rs. 100/- if Basic > 1000

Deductions

Provident Fund

6% of Basic

• Group Insurance Premium Rs. 40/- if Basic is <=1500

Rs. 60/- if Basic > 1500 & Basic <= 3000

Rs. 80/- if Basic >3000

Calculate the following:

Gross Salary = Basic + HRA + DA + Conveyance + Entertainment

Total deduction = Provident Fund + Group Insurance Premium

Net Salary = Gross Salary – Total Deduction

6. Create Payment Table for a fixed Principal amount, variable rate of interests and time in the format below:

No. of Instalments	5%	6%	7%	8%	9%
3	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
4	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
5	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
6	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

7. Use an array formula to calculate Simple Interest for given principal amounts given the rate of Interest and time

Rate of Interest 8%

Time 5 Years

Principal Simple Interest

1000 ?

18000 ? 5200 ? 7. The following table gives year wise sale figure of five salesmen in Rs.

Salesman	2000	2001	2002	2003
S1	10000	12000	20000	50000
S2	15000	18000	50000	60000
S3	20000	22000	70000	70000
S4	30000	30000	100000	80000
S5	40000	45000	125000	90000

- (a) Calculate total sale year wise.
 - Calculate the net sale made by each
- (b) salesman
- (c) Calculate the maximum sale made by the salesman
- (e) Calculate the commission for each salesman under the condition.
 - (i) If total sales >4,00,000 give 5% commission on total sale made by the salesman.
 - (ii) Otherwise give 2% commission.
- (e) Draw a bar graph representing the sale made by each salesman. (f) Draw a pie graph representing the sale made by salesman in 2000.
- 9. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

PERSONAL BUDGET FOR FIRST QUARTER

Monthly Income (Net): 1,475

EXPENSES	JAN	FEB	MARCH QUARTER	QUARTER
			TOTAL	AVERAGE
Rent600.00	600.00	600.00		
Telephone	48.25	43.50	60.00	
Utilities	67.27	110.00	70.00	
Credit Card	200.00	110.00	70.00	
Oil	100.00	150.00	90.00	
AV to Insurance	150.00			
Cable TV	40.75	40.75	40.75	
Monthly Total				

Calculate Quarter total and Quarter average.

- (g) Calculate Monthly total.
- (h) Surplus = Monthly income Monthly total.
- (i) What would be total surplus if monthly income is 1500.
- (j) How much does telephone expense for March differ from quarter average.
- (k) Create a 3D column graph for telephone and utilities.
- (I) Create a pie chart for monthly expenses.

10. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

TOTAL REVENUE EARNED FOR SAM'S BOOKSTALL

Publisher na	me	1997		1998		1999		2000	tota
Α	Rs. 1,0	00.00	Rs. 11	100.00	Rs.	1,300.00	Rs.	800.00	
В	Rs. 1,5	00.00	Rs.	700.00	Rs.	1,000.00	Rs.	2,000.00	
С	Rs.	700.00	Rs.	900.00	Rs.	1,500.00	Rs.	600.00	
D	Rs. 1,2	200.00	Rs.	500.00	Rs.	200.00	Rs.	1,100.00	
E Rs	800.00	Rs. 1,0	00.00	Rs. 3,000	0.00	Rs.	560.0	00	

- (c) Compute the total revenue earned.
- (d) Plot the line chart to compare the revenue of all publisher for 4 years.
- (d) Chart Title should be _Total Revenue of sam's Bookstall (1997-2000)'
- (e) Give appropriate categories and value axis title.
- 11. Generate 25 random numbers between 0 & 100 and find their sum, average and count. How many no. are in range 50-60

ITBSEC1013: ICT Hardware (Credit 3, Total Marks 50)

(Theory: 40 Marks, Practical: 10 Marks)

Course learning objectives

- To understand and identify various components of a computer system hardware
- To make learners familiar with multimedia components
- To acquaint with CPU elements & peripheral devices

Course Learning Outcomes

- It enables learners acquiring knowledge on computer hardware
- Learners become familiar with various hardware trouble shooting tools
- It would enable learners with distinguishing digital and conventional media
- Learner would be able to explain the importance of hardware equipments

Theory: 40 Lectures

UNIT-1: Introduction to Computer Systems

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Evolution of computer system, Modern computer, Classification of computer, Personal Computer hardware: Monitor, Keyboard, Mouse, Scanner, printer, speaker, SMPS, BIOS, Disk Drives- Logical structure and file system, FAT, NTFS, Hard disk tools: Disk cleanup, error checking, defragmentation, scanning for virus, formatting, Trends in HDD, SSD, and Cloud storage

UNIT-2: Introduction to Multimedia

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Definition of multimedia, Components of multimedia, Web and Internet multimedia applications, Transition from conventional media to digital media, Audio software and hardware, MIDI, Video and Animation

UNIT-3: Processor and peripherals

(10 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Intel processor family, Latest trends in processor, Motherboard and its types, Sockets and slots, power connectors, Peripheral connectors, Bus slots, USB, pin connectors, ROM, RAM, different kinds of RAM, RAM upgradation, Cache and Virtual Memory concept

UNIT-4: Network Peripherals

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Network Interface Card, network cabling, I/O Box, Switches, RJ 45 connectors, Patch panel, Patch cord, racks, IP address.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Comdex: Hardware and Networking Course Kit:: DreamTech press
- 2. PC hardware: A beginners Guide: Ron Gilster: Tata Mc Graw Hill.

ITBSEC1013 LAB: ICT Hardware LAB

- Experiment-1: Identification of peripherals of a computer, components of a CPU and its functions.
- Experiment-2: Draw the block diagram of CPU along with configuration of each peripheral
- Experiment-3: Disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition
- Experiment-4: installation of software
- Experiment-5: Formatting and partitioning a hard drive
- Experiment-6: Configuration for dual booting
- Experiment-7 Basic commands in Linux
- Experiment-8: Hardware Troubleshooting:
 - i) Fixing error in booting due to improper assembly or defective peripherals.
 - ii) Fixing malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems

Experiment-8: Configuration of browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms

ITBVAC1014: Desktop Publishing (DTP) (Credit 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course learning objectives

- To learn and get familiar with computer based system interfaces
- To apply tools for word processing documents
- To apply drawing tools
- To design customized images with standard editing tools

Course Learning Outcomes

- Enable Learners to handle systems with ease
- Learner could develop good document publishing skills
- Learners could expertise in creative designing
- Learners would develop skills to create and enhance pictures to give a quality look

Theory 60 Lectures

UNIT - 1: System Interface

(10 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Introduction to Computer System, Characteristics of Computer, CUI based O/S, GUI based O/S, O/S types and functions, System Software, Application Software, Utility Software, Creating of Files and Folders, Directory management activities, Basic file operations (copy, paste, rename, move, delete etc.)

UNIT - 2: Document Processing

(15 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Need of Documentation, creating a document, editing and formatting a document, saving and printing a document, inserting text and graphics (image, shapes, symbols, equations), inserting columns, fonts and styles, Clip arts, Header and Footer, frame option, arrange text, image control, indent/tabs, layout, tool bar, page setting, Paper Style, Working with Tables, Linking objects, Page Layout, Word Wrapping, Paragraph settings, Hyphenation, Alignment, Spell checker, Thesaurus.

UNIT - 3: Drawing Tools

(15 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Logo Designing, Illustration making, Frame Settings, Graphical Tools, Bitmap & Shadow Effects, Special Effects such as Perspective, Blending, Text Settings into objects, Alignment Setting, Tabs, Power Line, Power Clip, Contour, Import & Export Facility

UNIT - 4: Image Editing Tools

(20 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Understanding various image types (BMP, JPG, JPEG, PNG etc.), Import and Export of Image, Layers and Objects, Marquee Tool, Magnetic Tool, Slice Tool, Patch Tool, Clone Stamp Tool, Gradient Tool, Smudge Tool, Blur Tool, Text Tool, Image Crop and Rotation, Lighting adjustment, Blemish correction, Fill and Stroke Option, Histogram, Group, Ungroup, Lock Object, Color Range, Feather, Filter, Blur.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Desk Top Publishing from A to Z by Bill Grout and Osborne; McGraw Hill
- 2. DTP (Desk Top Publishing) for PC user by Houghton; Galgotia Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Daryaganj, New Delhi
- 3. https://help.libreoffice.org/6.1/en-US/text/swriter/main0000.html?DbPAR=WRITER
- 4. https://help.libreoffice.org/6.1/en-US/text/sdraw/main0000.html?DbPAR=DRAW
- https://inkscape.org/learn/

ITBVAC1014 LAB: Desktop Publishing (DTP) LAB

<u>Suggested Tools to be used-</u> MS Word/Pagemaker/OpenOffice Writer/LibreOffice writer/LibreOfficeDraw/Photoshop/InkScape

- 1. Prepare **a grocery list** having four columns (Serial number, The name of the product, quantity and price) for the month of May, 2023.
 - a. Font specifications for Title (Grocery List): 14-point Arial font in bold and italics.
 - b. The headings of the columns should be in 12-point and bold.
 - c. The rest of the document should be in 10-point Times New Roman.
 - d. Leave a gap of 12-points after the title.

- 2. Design a **time-table form** for your college.
 - The first line should mention the name of the college in 16-point Arial Font and should be bold.
 - The second line should give the course name/teacher's name and the department in 14-point Arial.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points.
 - The rest of the document should use 10-point Times New Roman font.
 - The footer should contain your specifications as the designer and date of creation.
- 3. XYZ Publications plans to release a new book designed as per your syllabus. Design the **first page of the book** as per the given specifications.
 - The title of the book should appear in bold using 20-point Arial font.
 - The name of the author and his qualifications should be in the center of the page in 16-point Arial font.
 - At the bottom of the document should be the name of the publisher and address in 16-point Times New Roman.
 - The details of the offices of the publisher (only location) should appear in the footer.
- 4. Convert following text to a table, using comma as delimiter

Type the following as shown (do not bold).
Color, Style, Item
Blue, A980, Van
Red, X023, Car
Green, YL724, Truck
Name, Age, Sex
Bob, 23, M
Linda, 46, F
Tom, 29, M

5. Enter the following data into a table given on the next page.

Salesperson	Dolls	Trucks	Puzzles
Kennedy, Sally	1327	1423	1193
White, Pete	1421	3863	2934
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067

Add a column Region (values: S, N, N, S, S, S) between the Salesperson and Dolls columns to the given table Sort your table data by Region and within Region by Salesperson in ascending order.

In this exercise, you will add a new row to your table, place the word "Total" at the bottom of the Salesperson column, and sum the Dolls, Trucks, and Puzzles columns.

- 6. Wrapping of text around the image.
- 7. Formatting a given file by using undo/redo, repeat, cut, copy, paste, delete, duplicate and clone utilities
- 8. Inserting objects in the drawing, aligning, ordering, grouping and ungrouping of those objects
- 9. Use of mode edit tools i.e. to line, to curve, to stretch, and rotate
- 10. Creating special effects i.e. transform roll-up, envelop roll up, add perspective, extrude roll up, contour roll up, power line, power clip, clear effects

- 11. To insert character and paragraph text in a drawing and frame, setting of tabs, indents, bullets and spacing in paragraph text
- 12. Using tools such as spell checker, and thesaurus
- 13. Using find and replace text utility and type assist
- 14. Considering any image (BMP, .JPG, JPEG, PNG etc.) implement the following actions on it using image editing tool
 - i) Cropping
 - ii) Cloning
 - iii) Change color
 - iv) Filtering
 - v) Blurring
 - vi) Rotation

2ND SEMESTER

ITBMAJ1024: Data Structure (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objective

- 1) To make acquainted with fundamentals of data structures used in problem solving
- 2) To understand the applications of different data structures in computer programs
- 3) To empirically analyze linear and non-linear data structures
- 4) To utilize efficient searching and sorting algorithms for handling simple and complex data structures

Course Learning Outcome

- 1) Learners could recognize and understand the usage of common data structures
- 2) Learners could utilize the concept of data structures in problem solving
- 3) To analyze the various data structures and its operations
- 4) To evaluate problems involving simple and complex data structures
- 5) To become accustomed with adapting appropriate data structure for creating solutions

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Arrays

(6 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Single and Multi-dimensional Arrays, Array Initialization, Array manipulations, Sparse Matrices (Array Representation)

Unit-2: Stacks, Queues and Linked Lists

(20 Lectures, 19 Marks)

Implementing single / multiple stack/s in an Array, Prefix, Infix and Postfix expressions, Utility and conversion of these expressions from one to another; Applications of stack; Limitations of Array representation of stack, Normal and Circular representation of Stack in Lists, Array representation of Queue, De-queue, Priority Queues; Singly, Doubly and Circular Lists (Array and Linked representation), Array and Linked representation of Stack and Queue), Sparse Matrices (Linked Representation)

Unit-3: Recursion & Trees

(24 lectures, 14 Marks)

Developing Recursive Definition of Simple Problems and their implementation; Advantages and Limitations of Recursion; Understanding what goes behind Recursion (Internal Stack Implementation), Introduction to Tree as a data structure; Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Recursive and Iterative Traversals on Binary Search Trees); Concepts on Threaded Binary Trees and AVL Trees

Unit-4: Searching, Sorting, Hashing

(10 Lectures, 9 Marks)

Linear Search, Binary Search, Comparison of Linear and Binary Search, Bubble Sort, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Shell Sort, Comparison of Sorting Techniques, Introduction to Hashing, Deleting from Hash Table, Hash Table Reordering, Resolving collision by closed hashing (Open Addressing), open hashing(Separate chaining), Choosing a Hash Function, Perfect Hashing Function

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Adam Drozdek, "Data Structures and algorithm in C++", Third Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
- 2. Sartaj Sahni, Data Structures, "Algorithms and applications in C++", Second Edition, Universities Press, 2011.
- 3. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Moshe J. Augenstein, YedidyahLangsam, "Data Structures Using C and C++:, Second edition, PHI, 2009.
- 4. Robert L. Kruse, "Data Structures and Program Design in C++", Pearson, 1999.
- 5.D.S Malik, Data Structure using C++, Second edition, Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 6. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms Analysis in Java", Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2011
- 7. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Moshe J. Augenstein, YedidyahLangsam, "Data Structures Using Java, 2003.
- 8. Robert Lafore, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Java, 2/E", Pearson/ Macmillan Computer Pub, 2003
- 9. John Hubbard, "Data Structures with JAVA", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 2 edition, 2009
- 10. Goodrich, M. and Tamassia, R. "Data Structures and Algorithms Analysis in Java", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- 11. Herbert Schildt, "Java The Complete Reference (English) 9th Edition Paperback", Tata McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 12. D. S. Malik, P.S. Nair, "Data Structures Using Java", Course Technology, 2003.

ITBMAJ1024: Data Structures LAB

- 1. Write a program to search an element from a list. Give user the option to perform Linear or Binary search. Use Template functions.
- 2. WAP using templates to sort a list of elements. Give user the option to perform sorting using Insertion sort, Bubble sort or Selection sort.
- 3. Implement Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list and concatenate two linked lists (include a function and also overload operator +).
- 4. Implement Doubly Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.
- 5. Implement Circular Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.
- 6. Perform Stack operations using Linked List implementation.
- 7. Perform Stack operations using Array implementation. Use Templates.
- 8. Perform Queues operations using Circular Array implementation. Use Templates.
- 9. Create and perform different operations on Double-ended Queues using Linked List implementation.
- 10. WAP to scan a polynomial using linked list and add two polynomial.
- 11.WAP to calculate factorial and to compute the factors of a given no.
 - (i) using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 12) WAP to display fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 13.WAP to calculate GCD of 2 number (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion
- 14.WAP to create a Binary Search Tree and include following operations in tree:

- (a) Insertion (Recursive and Iterative Implementation)
- (b)Deletion by copying
- (c)Deletion by Merging
- (d)Search a no. in BST
- (e)Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Recursively
- (f)Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Iteratively
- (g)Display its level-by-level traversals
- (h)Count the non-leaf nodes and leaf nodes
- (i)Display height of tree
- (j) Create a mirror image of tree
- (k) Check whether two BSTs are equal or not
- 15.WAP to convert the Sparse Matrix into non-zero form and vice-versa.
- 16.WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional stack.
- 17. WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional Queue.
- 18.WAP to implement Diagonal Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 19.WAP to implement Lower Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 20.WAP to implement Upper Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 21. WAP to implement Symmetric Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 22.WAP to create a Threaded Binary Tree as per inorder traversal, and implement operations like finding the successor / predecessor of an element, insert an element, inorder traversal.
- 23. WAP to implement various operations on AVL Tree.

ITBMIN1024: Introduction to HTML and Web Designing (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand the basic markup language
- To understand and use HTML tags
- To get familiar with divergent web designing tools
- To design and develop simple web applications

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to utilize basic markup language applications
- Learners would be able to use HTML and create web page
- Learners would be able to analyze and develop web applications

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Basic Terminologies

(18 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Web page, Home page, Website, Internet Browsers, URL, Hypertext, ISP, Web server, download and upload, online and offline

Unit-2: Web Services

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

WWW, HTTP, Telnet, FTP, E-mail, Social Networks, Search Engines, Video Conferencing, E-commerce, M-Commerce, VOIP, Blogs, Web Scripting - Client side (VB Script, Java Script, PHP) and Server side (ASP, JSP, PHP), Web 2.0 (for social networking)

Unit-3: Basic HTML Tags

(16 Lectures, 13 Marks)

<HTML>, <!->, <!DOCTYPE>,HEAD, TITLE, BODY, BR, HR, TD, TR, LI, OL, UL, TABLE, STRONG, IMG SRC, A, H1 to H6, B, I, FRAMESET, FONT, ALIGN, AUDIO, VIDEO, HREF, FORM, INPUT, LABEL, BUTTON,

Unit-4: Web Designing

(16 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Document type definition, Structure of HTML, Creating Web pages, Lists, Hyperlinks, Tables, Web forms, Inserting images, Frames, Hosting options and Domain name registration, Customized Features

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Virginia DeBolt , Integrated HTML and CSS A Smarter, Faster Way to Learn Wiley / Sybex , 2006
- 2. Cassidy Williams, Camryn Williams Introduction to HTML and CSS, O'Reilly, 2015

ITBMIN1024 LAB: Introduction to HTML and Web Designing LAB

- 1. Create HTML document with following formatting Bold, Italics, Underline, Colors, Headings, Title, Font and Font Width, Background, Paragraph, Line Brakes, Horizontal Line, Blinking text as well as marquee text.
- 2. Create HTML document with Ordered and Unordered lists, Inserting Images, Internal and External linking
- 3. Create HTML document that contains a table.
- 4. Create Form with Input Type, Select and Text Area in HTML.
- 5. Create an HTML containing Roll No., student's name and Grades in a tabular form.
- 6. Create an HTML document (having two frames) which will appear as follows: About This frame would show the Department 1 contents according to the link clicked by the user on the left Department 2 frame. Department 3
- 7. Create an HTML document containing horizontal frames as follows: Department Names (could be along with Logos) Contents according to the Link clicked
- 8. Create a website of 6-7 pages with different effects as mentioned in above problems.
- 9. Create HTML documents (having multiple frames) in the following three formats: Frame1 Frame 2 Frame 3
- 10. Create a form using HTML which has the following types of controls:
 - i) Text Box, ii) Option/radio buttons, iii) Check boxes, iv) Reset and Submit buttons

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e must have a correct e-mail address to send you the news letter
nad
ow did you hear about XYZ News Magazine and Emails? Here on the Web O In a magazine O Television O Other
ould you like to be on our regular mailing list?
Yes, we love junk emails
Reset Send it in!

12. Create a table of the following view

			Plac	e an Image Here

ITBIDC1023: Introduction to Programming Language (Credit: 3, Total Marks: 50) (Theory: 40 Marks, Practical: 10 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To understand the basic programming features
- To provide concepts on derived data types
- To employ the utilities of basic conditional and looping statements for solving problems
- To develop programs to solve problems

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to acquire enough knowledge on programming constructs
- Enable learners to utilize basic statements for writing efficient programs
- Learners could extend their knowledge for developing programs i.e solutions for realtime problems

Unit-1: Introduction to Programming fundamentals

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

History of Programming Languages and its Generations, Brief Introduction to C and C++, Overview of Procedural Programming and Object-Orientation Programming, Using main() function(), Header Files, Compiling and Executing Simple Programs in C++, Declaring, Defining and Initializing Variables, Scope of Variables, Using Named Constants, Keywords, Data Types, Casting of Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise), Using Comments in programs, Character I/O (getc, getchar, putc, putcharetc), Formatted and Console I/O (printf(), scanf(), cin, cout)

Unit-2 Expressions, Conditional Statements and Iterative Statements (10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Simple Expressions in C++ (including Unary Operator Expressions, Binary Operator Expressions),

Understanding Operators Precedence in Expressions, Conditional Statements (if construct, switch-case construct), Understanding syntax and utility of Iterative Statements (while, do-while, and for loops), Use of break and continue in Loops, Using Nested Statements (Conditional as well as Iterative)

Unit-3: Functions and Arrays

(15 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Declaration and Definition of Functions, Call by Value, Call by Reference, Functions returning value, Void functions, Return data type of functions, Functions parameters, Functions with variable number of Arguments.

One Dimensional Arrays (Declaring and Defining an Array, Initializing an Array, Accessing individual elements in an Array, Manipulating array elements using loops), Various types of arrays (integer, float and character arrays / Strings), Two-dimensional Arrays (Declaring, Defining and Initializing Two Dimensional Array), Working with arrays

Unit-4: Derived Data Types (Structures and Unions)

(8 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Understanding utility of structures and unions, Declaring, initializing and using simple structures and unions, Manipulating individual members of structures and unions, Array of Structures and unions

Suggested Readings:

- 1. HerbtzSchildt, "C++: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill.2003 2. BjarneStroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2013.
- 3. BjarneStroustroup, "Programming -- Principles and Practice using C++", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley 2014.
- 4. E Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
- 5. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011. 6. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with C++", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2000.
- 7. Andrew Koeni, Barbara, E. Moo, "Accelerated C++", Published by Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 8. Scott Meyers, "Effective C++", 3rd Edition, Published by Addison-Wesley, 2005.

- 9. Harry, H. Chaudhary, "Head First C++ Programming: The Definitive Beginner's Guide", First Create space Inc, O-D Publishing, LLC USA.2014
- 10. Walter Savitch, "Problem Solving with C++", Pearson Education, 2007.

ITBIDC1023 LAB: Introduction to Programming Language LAB

- 1) WAP to print the sum and product of digits of an integer.
- 2) WAP to reverse a number.
- 3) WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+...
- 4) WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S =1-2+3-4+5......
- 5) Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
- 6) Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
- 7) WAP to compute the factors of a given number.
- 8) Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
- 9) WAP to print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

- 10) WAP to perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
 - a. Print the even-valued elements
 - b. Print the odd-valued elements
 - c. Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
 - d. Print the maximum and minimum element of array
 - e. Remove the duplicates from the array
 - f. Print the array in reverse order

The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options. The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.

- 11) WAP that prints a table indicating the number of occurrences of each alphabet in the text entered as command line arguments.
- 12) Write a program that swaps two numbers using pointers.
- 13) Write a program in which a function is passed address of two variables and then alter its contents.

14) Write a program which takes the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.

(Credit: 3, Total Marks: 50) (Theory: 40 Marks, Practical: 10 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand the basic features of Java
- To acquire skills on programming fundamentals
- To apply the principles of object-oriented programming paradigm
- To employ reusability for effective usage of code.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to explain fundamental features of Java
- Learners developed skills on Java programming concepts
- Learners could implement programming constructs to solve problems

Theory: 40 Lectures

Unit-1: Java programming fundamentals

(10 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Java Architecture and Features, Understanding the semantic and syntax differences between C++ and Java, Compiling and Executing a Java Program, Variables, Constants, Keywords, Data Types(primitive & non-primitive), Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise) and Expressions, Comments

Unit-2: Decision Making Constructs & Methods

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Doing Basic Program Output, (conditional statements and loops) and Nesting, Java Methods (Defining, Scope, Passing and Returning Arguments, Type Conversion and Type and Checking, Built-in Java Class Methods

Unit-3: Arrays, Strings and I/O

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Creating & Using Arrays (One Dimension and Multi-dimensional), Referencing Arrays Dynamically, The Java String class, Creating & Using String Objects, Manipulating Strings, String Immutability & Equality, Passing Strings To & From Methods, Simple I/O using System.out and the Scanner class, Byte and Character streams, Reading/Writing from console and files.

Unit-4: Object-Oriented Programming(OOP) Overview

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Principles of Object-Oriented Programming, Defining & Using Classes, Class Constructors, Method Overloading, Class Variables & Methods, Objects as parameters, final classes, Garbage Collection.

Inheritance (Single Level and Multilevel), Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Abstract Classes), Package and Class Visibility, Using Standard Java Packages (util, lang, io, net), Wrapper Classes, Autoboxing/Unboxing

Suggested Readings

- 1. Ken Arnold, James Gosling, David Homes, "The Java Programming Language", 4th Edition, 2005.
- 2. James Gosling, Bill Joy, Guy L Steele Jr, GiladBracha, Alex Buckley"The Java Language Specification, Java SE 8 Edition (Java Series)", Published by Addison Wesley, 2014.
- 3. Joshua Bloch, "Effective Java" 2nd Edition, Publisher: Addison-Wesley, 2008.
- 4. Cay S. Horstmann, GaryCornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 1,9th Edition,Printice Hall.2012
- 5. Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 2 Advanced Features)", 9th Edition, Printice Hall.2013
- 6. Bruce Eckel, "Thinking in Java", 3rd Edition, PHI, 2002.
- 7. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill.2009.
- 8. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "Java: How to Program", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 9. "Head First Java", Orielly Media Inc. 2nd Edition, 2005.
- 10. David J. Eck, "Introduction to Programming Using Java", Published by CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2009.
- 11. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with JAVA", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2004.

ITBMIN4014 LAB: Introduction to Java Programming Lab

- 1. To find the sum of any number of integers entered as command line arguments
- 2. To find the factorial of a given number
- 3. To learn use of single dimensional array by defining the array dynamically.
- 4. To learn use of .length in case of a two dimensional array
- 5. To convert a decimal to binary number
- 6. To check if a number is prime or not, by taking the number as input from the keyboard
- 7. To find the sum of any number of integers interactively, i.e., entering every number from the keyboard, whereas the total number of integers is given as a command line argument
- 8. Write a program that show working of different functions of String and StringBufferclasss like setCharAt(, setLength(), append(), insert(), concat() and equals().
- 9. Write a program to create a —distance class with methods where distance is computed in terms of feet and inches, how to create objects of a class and to see the use of this pointer
- 10. Modify the —distance class by creating constructor for assigning values (feet and inches) to the distance object. Create another object and assign second object as reference variable to another object reference variable. Further create a third object which is a clone of the first object.
- 11. Write a program to show that during function overloading, if no matching argument is found, then java will apply automatic type conversions(from lower to higher data type)
- 12. Write a program to show the difference between public and private access specifiers. The program should also show that primitive data types are passed by value and objects are passed by reference and to learn use of final keyword
- 13. Write a program to show the use of static functions and to pass variable length arguments in a function.
- 14. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of boxing and unboxing.

- 15. Create a multi-file program where in one file a string message is taken as input from the user and the function to display the message on the screen is given in another file (make use of Scanner package in this program).
- 16. Write a program to create a multilevel package and also creates a reusable class to generate Fibonacci series, where the function to generate Fibonacci series is given in a different file belonging to the same package.

ITBVAC1024: Social Media Technology (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100) (Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To make familiar with trending social media platforms
- To utilize social media tools for content creation
- To acquire knowledge on setting up of social communication media channel
- To get acquainted with AI based social media tools for messaging and collaborative marketing
- To analyze social media marketing tools

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to identify different social media platforms
- · Learners could design and develop an effective blogging
- Learners could apply media tools for real-time transmission of content
- Learners could be able to set up video marketing strategies and advertising
- Learners could upload and download essential information through media channel
- Learners would be able to recognize the changing pattern of social media contributions and marketing

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction

(12 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Introduction to Social Media, Managing Information – Aggregators, Google Alerts, Handling E-mail and G-drive, getting your company ready for Social Media Content Management - Touchpoint analysis, Scheduling, Creating content, Managing content programs, Planning Worksheets.

Unit-2: Introduction to Blogs

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

About Blogger, Tumblr, Wordpress, Influencers Who are they? How to find them? How to use them to benefit your brand?

Unit-3: Social Communication media

(20 Lectures, 17 Marks)

Creating groups and pages, Tips and Guides – Posts, Paid Promotion Ads, Contests, Long form video platforms, Setting up a channel, Managing content - Video Flow - Google Pages for YouTube Channel - Verify Channel Webmaster Tool – Adding Asset - Associated Website Linking - Custom Channel URL - Channel ART - Channel Links - Channel Keywords - Branding Watermark - Featured Contents on Channel - Channel

Main Trailer - Uploading Videos - Uploading Defaults - Creator Library - Practical Examples.

Unit-4: Instant Messaging, Collaborative Marketing & Crowd sourcing (18 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Set-up and usage Tips, LinkedIn - Tips and Guides, Consumer-generated content, Review of profiles, Pinterest - Visual social media and bookmarking, Set-up and management, Free Launching jobs, AI based tools used in Social Media: Chat Bots/Messenger Bots

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Social Marketing in India 1st Edition (Sameer Deshpande, Philip Kotler, Nancy R. Lee)
- 2. Marketing with Social Media (Linda Coles)
- 3. The Social Media Marketing Book (Dan Zarrella)
- 4. Social Media Marketing 1st Edition (Michael R. Solomon, Tracy Tuten)
- 5. The Art of Social Media: Power Tips for Power Users (Guy Kawasaki, Peg Fitzpatrick

ITBVAC1024 LAB: Social Media Technology Practical LAB

- 1. Creating E-mail Account and uses of G-drive
- 2. Create a group in WhatsApp/Telegram for academic purpose.
- 3. Create account in academic social media platform (at least five)
- 4. Create a Blog for review of product.
- 5. Create a Blog for academic purpose.
- 6. Managing Video Communication setup using different tools.
- 7. Hashtag activism (a project-based activity to teach students about social justice, human rights, equality)
- 8. Use any social media platform like facebook to circulate your review on various epic books
- 9. Make a Youtube Channel for publishing your creativity.

3RD SEMESTER

ITBMAJ2014: Database Management System (DBMS)

(Credit:4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To provide the basics of data management.
- To learn and acquire skills to design and develop databases.
- To create and manipulate databases.
- To write efficient queries to retrieve data based on the requirements.
- To validate the data before storing it in the databases through constraints.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to understand and maintain the real world data.
- Learners could develop efficient skills to manipulate databases.
- Learners could validate data for storage in the database.

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to DBMS & ER Modeling

(14 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Database, DBMS, Characteristics of database approach, data models, database system architecture and data independence, Entity types, relationships, constraints

Unit-2.Relation data model

(20 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Relational model concepts, relational constraints, relational algebra, SQL queries

Unit-3.Database design and Transaction Processing

(18 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Mapping ER model to relational database, functional dependencies, Lossless decomposition, Normal forms (upto BCNF), ACID properties, concurrency control

Unit-4.File Structure and Indexing

(8 Lectures, 7 Marks)

Operations on files, File of Unordered and ordered records, overview of File organizations, Indexing structures for files (Primary index, secondary index, clustering index)

Suggested Readings:

- 1. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 2. R. Ramakrishanan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. A. Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Database System Concepts 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 4. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe Database Systems Models, Languages, Design and application Programming, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.

ITBMAJ2014 LAB:Database Management System (DBMS) LAB

Create and use the following database schema to answer the given queries.

EMPLOYEE Sch	ema			
Field	Туре	NULL KEY DEFAU		DEFAULT
Eno	Char(3)	NO	PRI	NIL
Ename	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL
Job_type	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL
Manager	Char(3)	Yes	FK	NIL
Hire_date	Date	NO		NIL
Dno	Integer	YES	FK	NIL
Commission	Decimal(10,2)	YES		NIL
Salary	Decimal(7,2)	NO		NIL

DEPARTME	NT Schema		
Field	Туре	NULL KEY	DEFAUL T
Dno	Integer	No PRI	NULL
Dname	Varchar(50)	Yes	NULL
Location	Varchar(50)	Yes	New Delhi

Query List

- 1. Query to display Employee Name, Job, Hire Date, Employee Number; for each employee with the Employee Number appearing first.
- 2. Query to display unique Jobs from the Employee Table.
- 3. Query to display the Employee Name concatenated by a Job separated by a comma.
- 4. Query to display all the data from the Employee Table. Separate each Column by a comma and name the said column as THE OUTPUT.
- 5. Query to display the Employee Name and Salary of all the employees earning more than \$2850.
- 6. Query to display Employee Name and Department Number for the Employee No= 7900.
- 7.Query to display Employee Name and Salary for all employees whose salary is not in the range of Rs.1500 and Rs.2850.
- 8. Query to display Employee Name and Department No. of all the employees in Dept 10 and Dept 30 in the alphabetical order by name.
- 9. Query to display Name and Hire Date of every Employee who was hired in 1981.
- 10. Query to display Name and Job of all employees who don't have a current Manager.
- 11. Query to display the Name, Salary and Commission for all the employees who earn commission.
- 12. Sort the data in descending order of Salary and Commission.
- 13. Query to display Name of all the employees where the third letter of their name is 'A'
- 14. Query to display Name of all employees either have two 'R's or have two 'A's in their name and are either in Dept No = 30 or their Manger's Employee No = 7788.

- 15. Query to display Name, Salary and Commission for all employees whose Commission Amount is 14 greater than their Salary increased by 5%.
- 16. Query to display the Current Date.
- 17. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Salary Review Date which is the 1st Monday after six months of employment.
- 18. Query to display Name and calculate the number of months between today and the date each employee was hired.
- 19. Query to display the following for each employee <E-Name> earns < Salary> monthly but wants < 3 * Current Salary >. Label the Column as Dream Salary.
- 20. Query to display Name with the 1st letter capitalized and all other letter lower case and length of their name of all the employees whose name starts with _J', 'A' and _M'.
- 21. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Day of the week on which the employee started.
- 22. Query to display Name, Department Name and Department No for all the employees.
- 23. Query to display Unique Listing of all Jobs that are in Department #30.
- 24. Query to display Name, Dept Name of all employees who have an _A' in their name.
- 25. Query to display Name, Job, Department No. And Department Name for all the employees working at the Dallas location.
- 26. Query to display Name and Employee no. Along with their Manger's Name and the Manager's employee no; along with the Employees' Name who do not have a Manager.
- 27. Query to display Name, Dept No. And Salary of any employee whose department No. and salary matches both the department no. And the salary of any employee who earns a commission.
- 28. Query to display Name and Salaries represented by asterisks, where each asterisk (*) signifies \$100.
- 29. Query to display the Highest, Lowest, Sum and Average Salaries of all the employees
- 30. Query to display the number of employees performing the same Job type functions.
- 31. Query to display the no. of managers without listing their names.
- 32. Query to display the Department Name, Location Name, No. of Employees and the average salary for all employees in that department.
- 33. Query to display Name and Hire Date for all employees in the same dept. as Blake.
- 34. Query to display the Employee No. And Name for all employees who earn more than the average salary.
- 35. Query to display Employee Number and Name for all employees who work in a department with any employee whose name contains a _T'.
- 36. Query to display the names and salaries of all employees who report to King.
- 37. Query to display the department no, name and job for all employees in the Sales department.

ITBMAJ2024: Object Oriented Programmings(OOPs)

(Credit:4, Total Marks:100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand programming paradigms.
- To explore and apply programming constructs in problem solving.
- To analyze different object oriented features.
- To develop programs incorporating exceptions and file handling Operations.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners could make a distinction among different programming paradigms.
- Learners could implement various programming constructs in problem solving.
- Learners could illustrate the issues involving object oriented aspect.
- Learners could acquire skills addressing solutions to real world problems.

Theory 45 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to C++

(7 Lectures, 11 Marks)

History of C++, Overview of Procedural Programming and Object-Oriented Programming, Using main () function, Header Files, Compiling and Executing Simple Programs in C++.

Unit-2: Programming Fundamentals

(8 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Data types, Variables, Operators, Expressions, Arrays, Keywords, Naming Convention, Decision making constructs (if, switch), Looping (for, while, do...while), Type Casting, Input-output statements, Functions, Command Line Arguments/Parameters, Static and dynamic memory allocation, Pointer and Reference Variables, Pointers vs. References

Unit-3: Object Oriented Concept

(20 Lectures, 21 Marks)

Overview of Abstraction, Encapsulation, Inheritance, and Polymorphism, Creating Classes and objects, Access Specifiers, Constructor, destructor, Implementation of Inheritance (Single and multilevel), Implementation of Polymorphism (Function Overloading, Operator Overloading and Function Overriding), Implementing Compiletime & Runtime polymorphism

Unit-4: Exception and File Handling

(10 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Using try, catch, throw, creating user defined exceptions, File I/O Basics, File Operations (Open, read, write, and close)

ITBMAJ2024 LAB: Object Oriented Programming using C++ LAB

- 1) WAP to print the sum and product of digits of an integer.
- 2) WAP to reverse a number.
- 3) WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+...
- 4) WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1-2+3-4+5......
- 5) Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
- 6) Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
- 7) WAP to compute the factors of a given number.
- 8) Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
- 9) WAP to print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

*

- 10) WAP to perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
 - a. Print the even-valued elements
 - b. Print the odd-valued elements
 - c. Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
 - d. Print the maximum and minimum element of array
 - e. Remove the duplicates from the array
 - f. Print the array in reverse order
 - g. The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options. The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.
- 11) WAP that prints a table indicating the number of occurrences of each alphabet in the text entered as command line arguments.
- 12) Write a program that swaps two numbers using pointers.
- 13) Write a program in which a function is passed address of two variables and then alter its contents.
- 14) Write a program which takes the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.
- 15) Write a program to find sum of n elements entered by the user. To write this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() / calloc() functions or new

operator.

- 16) Write a menu driven program to perform following operations on strings:
 - a. Show address of each character in string
 - b. Concatenate two strings without using streat function.
 - c. Concatenate two strings using streat function.
 - d. Compare two strings
 - e. Calculate length of the string (use pointers)
 - f. Convert all lowercase characters to uppercase
 - g. Convert all uppercase characters to lowercase
 - h. Calculate number of vowels
 - i. Reverse the string
- 17) Given two ordered arrays of integers, write a program to merge the two-arrays to get an ordered array.
- 18) WAP to display Fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 19) WAP to calculate Factorial of a number (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 20) WAP to calculate GCD of two numbers (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion.
- 21) Create Matrix class using templates. Write a menu-driven program to perform following Matrix
 - a. operations (2-D array implementation):
 - b. a) Sum b) Difference c) Product d) Transpose
- 22) Create the Person class. Create some objects of this class (by taking information from the user). Inherit the class Person to create two classes Teacher and Student class. Maintain the respective information in the classes and create, display and delete objects of these two classes (Use Runtime Polymorphism).
- 23) Create a class Triangle. Include overloaded functions for calculating area. Overload assignment operator and equality operator.
- 24) Create a class Box containing length, breath and height. Include following methods in it:
 - a. Calculate surface Area
 - b. Calculate Volume
 - c. Increment, Overload ++ operator (both prefix & postfix)
 - d. Decrement, Overload -- operator (both prefix & postfix)
 - e. Overload operator == (to check equality of two boxes), as a friend function
 - f. Overload Assignment operator
 - g. Check if it is a Cube or cuboid
- 25) Write a program which takes input from the user for length, breath and height to test the above class.
- 26) Create a structure Student containing fields for Roll No., Name, Class, Year and Total Marks. Create 10 students and store them in a file.
- 27) Write a program to retrieve the student information from file created in previous question and print it in following format:
 - 1. Roll No. Name Marks
- 28) Copy the contents of one text file to another file, after removing all whitespaces.

29) Write a function that reverses the elements of an array in place. The function must accept only one pointer value and return void.

ITBMIN2014: Introduction to Linux (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To understand and make effective use of Linux utilities
- To develop skills on handling file system, process management and inter-process communication
- To make familiar with Linux shells
- To analyze shell scripting elements to provide solutions to certain problems

Course Learning Outcomes

- Enables learners to grasp different Linux services
- Learners could handle file systems and processes
- Learners would be able to use and analyse Linux comands

Theory 60 **Lectures**

UNIT 1: Introduction

(20 Lectures, 14 Marks)

What is linux/unix Operating systems, difference between linux/unix and other operating systems, Features and Architecture, Various Distributions available in the market, Installation, Booting and shutdown process

UNIT 2: User Management and the File System

(20 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Types of Users, Creating users, Granting rights, User management commands, File quota and various file systems available, File System Management and Layout, File permissions, Login process, Links (hard links, symbolic links)

UNIT 3: Processes

(12 Lectures, 15 Marks)

System processes (an overview), External and internal commands, Processes and its creation phases – Fork, Exec, wait

UNIT 4: Shell Introduction

(8 Lectures, 8 Marks)

What is shell and various type of shell, Various editors present in linux, Different modes of operation in vi editor, gedit

Suggested Readings

- 1. Sumitabha, Das, Unix Concepts And Applications, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2006
- 2. Michael Jang RHCSA/ RHCE Red Hat Linux Certification: Exams (Ex200 & Ex300) (Certification Press), 2011
- 3. Nemeth Synder & Hein, Linux Administration Handbook, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2010
- 4. W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, Unix Network Programming, The sockets Networking API, Vol. 1, 3rd Edition, 2014

ITBMIN2014 LAB: Introduction to Linux LAB

- 1) Use of Internal Commands
- 2) Use of External Commands,
- 3) Use of filters
- 4) Creating users, groups
- 5) Creating files and directories
- 6) Grant/revoke privileges to files & Directories
- 7) Creating soft links, hard links
- 8) Use of grep

ITBIDC2013: Basics of Web Designing (Credit: 3, Total Marks: 50)

(Theory: 40 Marks, Practical: 10 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand the basic internet terms and applications
- To get familiar with divergent web designing tools
- To design and develop simple web applications

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to utilize basic internet applications
- Learners would be able to analyze and deploy web applications

Theory 40 Lectures

UNIT-1: Internet Terms

(6 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Web page, Home page, Website, Internet Browsers, URL, Hypertext, ISP, Web server, download and upload, online and offline

UNIT-2: Internet Applications

(8 Lectures, 10 Marks)

WWW, Telnet, FTP, E-mail, Social Networks, Search Engines, Video Conferencing, E-commerce, M-Commerce, VOIP, Blogs

UNIT-3: Introduction to Web Design

(14 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Introduction to Hypertext Markup Language (html), DHTML, XML, Document type definition, Creating Web pages, Lists, Hyperlinks, Tables, Web forms, Inserting images, Frames, Hosting options and Domain name registration, Customized Features

Unit-4: JavaScript Fundamentals

(12 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Data types and variables, functions, methods and events, controlling program flow, built-in objects and operators.

Suggested Readings:

- 1) HTML-A Beginner's Guide, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009
- 2) Ivan Bayross, Web Enabled Commercial Application Development Using HTML, DHTML, javascript, Perl CGI, BPB Publications, 2009
- 3) J. A. Ramalho, Learn Advanced HTML 4.0 with DHTML, BPB Publications, 2007
- 4) D.R. Brooks, An Introduction to HTML and Javascript for Scientists and Engineers, Springer W. Willard, 2009
- 5) Ken Arnold, James Gosling, David Homes, "The Java Programming Language", 4th Edition, 2005.
- 6) James Gosling, Bill Joy, Guy L Steele Jr, GiladBracha, Alex Buckley"The Java Language Specification, Java SE 8 Edition (Java Series)", Published by Addison Wesley, 2014.
- 7) Joshua Bloch, "Effective Java" 2nd Edition, Publisher: Addison-Wesley, 2008.
- 8) Cay S. Horstmann, GaryCornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 1, 9th Edition, Printice Hall. 2012
- 9) Bruce Eckel, "Thinking in Java", 3rd Edition, PHI, 2002.
- 10) E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill.2009.

- 11) Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "Java: How to Program", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 12) David J. Eck, "Introduction to Programming Using Java", Published by CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2009.
- 13) John R. Hubbard, "Programming with JAVA", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2004.

ITBIDC2013 Basics of Web Designing LAB

- 1. Create HTML document with following formatting Bold, Italics, Underline, Colors, Headings, Title, Font and Font Width, Background, Paragraph, Line Brakes, Horizontal Line, Blinking text as well as marquee text.
- 2. Create HTML document with Ordered and Unordered lists, Inserting Images, Internal and External linking
- 3. Create HTML document that contains a table.
- 4. Create Form with Input Type, Select and Text Area in HTML.
- 5. Create an HTML containing Roll No., student's name and Grades in a tabular form.
- 6. Create an HTML document (having two frames) which will appear as follows: About This frame would show the Department 1 contents according to the link clicked by the user on the left Department 2 frame. Department 3
- 7. Create an HTML document containing horizontal frames as follows: Department Names (could be along with Logos) Contents according to the Link clicked
- 8. Create a website of 6-7 pages with different effects as mentioned in above problems.
- 9. Create HTML documents (having multiple frames) in the following three formats: Frame1 Frame 2 Frame 3
- 10. Create a form using HTML which has the following types of controls:
 - i) Text Box 82, ii) Option/radio buttons, iii) Check boxes, iv) Reset and Submit buttons
- 11. Write a program to get the URL/location of code (i.e. java code) and document(i.e. html file).
- 12. Write a program to demonstrate different mouse handling events using Javascript like
 - i) mouseClicked(),
 - ii) mouseEntered(),
 - iii) mouseExited(),
 - iv) mousePressed,
 - v) mouseReleased() and
 - vi) mouseDragged().
- 13. Write a program to demonstrate different keyboard handling events in Javascript

ITBSEC2013: Introduction to SQL (Credit:3, Total Marks: 50)

(Theory: 40 Marks, Practical: 10 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand the basic features of SQL
- To get familiar with SQL commands
- To design and develop efficient queries
- To analyze performance tuning

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to acquire knowledge on SQL constructs
- Learners would be able to employ efficient queries to access databases
- Learners could evaluate and utilize complex queries for performance tuning
- Enable learners to develop solution to real-time problems

Theory 40 Lectures

Unit-1: Overview of SQL

(6 Lectures, 6 Marks)

Introduction to SQL, Types of SQL, SQL Features & Advantages, Database

Unit-2: Data Types and variables

(8 Lectures, 6 Marks)

Data Types (Integer, float, NUMBER/DECIMAL, CHARACTER/VARCHAR/VARCHAR2, DATE etc.), Use of Variables

Unit-3: SQL commands & Functions

(18 Lectures, 20 Marks)

DDL, DML, CREATE TABLE, DROP TABLE, ALTER TABLE, UPDATESET...., INSERT, DELETE; SQL constructs (SELECT .. FROM... WHERE... GROUP BY HAVING... ORDER BY.....), SELECT, DISTINCT, FROM, WHERE, IN, BETWEEN, GROUPBY, HAVING, ORDERBY, View, Definition and use, nested quires, Constraints (NOT NULL , UNIQUE, Check, Primary key, Foreign key), Joining two or more tables using equi-join, Cartesian product and Union, In-built functions like SUM, AVG, COUNT, MAX, MIN, user-defined functions

Unit-4:Performance Tuning

(8 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Understanding Composite Index, Avoid inefficient constructs, unhiding function, OR clause, Subqueries, JOIN + GROUP BY clause

Suggested Readings

- 1) Vikram Vaswani, MySQL: The Complete Reference, McGraw Hill Professional, 2004, ISBN 0072224770, 9780072224771
- 2) Paul DuBois, MySQL, Pearson Education, (4th Edition), 2008, ISBN 0132704641, 9780132704649
- 3) Robert D. Schneider, MySQL Database Design and Tuning, 2005, ISBN-10: 8131700828

ISBN-13:978-8131700822

4) MySQL Administrator's Guide and Language Reference by MySQL AB, 2nd Edition, 27 April 2006, ISBN-10: 0672328704, ISBN-13: 978-0672328701

ITBSEC2013 LAB: Introduction to SQL LAB

(MySQL may be used for LAB)

1. Create a table Employee with the following columns:

Emp no (numeric) primary key

Emp_name (string)

Join date (Date)

Basic_pay_fixed_at (numeric)

Date_of_birth (Date)

2. Insert the following data into the table.

Emp_no.	Emp_name	Join_date	Basic_pay_fixed_at	Date_of_birth
1001	Charles Babbage	01-Jun-2000	8000.00	03-10-1973
1002	George Boole	01-Jul-2001	5000.00	04-12-1972
1003	E.F. Codd	01-Jun-2001	8000.00	06-03-1969
1004	Bill Gates	01-Jul-2003	5000.00	09-10-1995
1005	Tony Greig	01-Aug-2004	8000.00	04-05-1985

2. Create the following two tables and insert data into the tables.

Player (Roll no. → Primary Key)

Roll no.	Name
10	Vijay Amrithraj
20	Leander Paes
30	Mahesh Bhupathi
40	Sania Mirza

Match (Match_no→Primary key,Roll no→Foreign key)

Match_no	Roll_no.	Match_Date	Opponent
23	1	20 10-Jul-2008	Washington
2	30	12-Jan-2008	Sampras
3	20	12-Aug-2008	Borg
4	30	20-Mar-2008	Viiav

Perform the following two operations:

- (i) Perform EQUIJOIN operation to retrieve data from both the files.
- (ii) Perform OUTERJOIN operation to retrieve the unmatched records.
- 3. Create a table Student taking the attributes given below Roll_no, Student_name, Address, Date_of_addmission, Class Section and Contact_no.

Write appropriate queries to perform the following operations:

- a) To insert values in the Student table.
- b) To delete values from Student table
- c) To list the names of all students which roll no > 20.
- d) To search for students who got admitted before 01-01-2006.
- e) To change the name of the student whose roll number is 10 to Amar.

4. Create tables Department and Employee with the attributes given bellow.

Employee (EmpNo, Empname, Address, Dno)

Department (Dno, Dname, Location)

Dno in Employee is a foreign key.

Write appropriate queries to perform the following operations:

- a) To insert values in the tables.
- b) To retrieve the names and addresses of all Employees working in the Finance department.
- c) To print the location where Administration department is located.
- d) to delete all information regarding a particular employee.
- 5. Create table Student and Course taking the attributes given below.

Student (Roll no, Name, Semester, Course no(Foreign key))

Course (Course no, Course name)

Write appropriate queries for the following operations:

- a) To retrieve names of all students who are admitted to the course 'BCA'.
- b) To retrieve the names of all students whose course name is 'BCA' and who are in the 3rd semester.
- c) To display details of all courses in which more than 100 students got admitted.
- d) For course being offered, display the course name and number of students admitted to the course.
- 6. Create tables Employee, Department, Location, Works_on, and Project taking the attributes given below.

Employee (Fname, Lname, Empno, Bdate, Address, Salary, Dnumber)

Department (Dname, Dnumber, Mgrno)

Locations(Dnumber, DLocation)

Works on (Empno, Pnumber, Hours per day)

Project(Pname, Pnumber, Location, Dnumber (Foreign))

Dependent (Empno, Dependent name, Sex, DOB, Relationship)

Write appropriate queries for the following operations:

- a) Retrieve the names and addresses of all employees who work in the Finance department.
- b) To retrieve the names of all employees who works on all the projects controlled by department number 6
- c) For each department, print the name of the department and the name of the manager of the department. d) Retrieve the location where the Administration department is located.
- e) For every project located in Mumbai list the project number, the controlling department and department manger's name and address.
- f) Find out how many employees are there in each department.
- g) Find the total salary of all employees of the —Research|| department, as well as the maximum, minimum and average salary in this department
- h) Retrieve the name of all employees who have no dependent.
- i) Alter the —Employee|| table by deleting the column Bdate.
- j) Retrieve the Fname, Lname of all employees whose salary is higher than average salary.
- k) For each department retrieve the department number, the number of employee in the department and their average salary.
- I) Retrieve the name of all employees who have two or more dependent

m) Retrieve the details of all employees who works on project number 1,2,3 7.

Create Table Client master (Client no, name, address, Bdue)

Product master(P number, Description, saleprice, costprice)

Sales master(Salesmno, Sname, Addres, Salamnt, Remarks)

Sales order(O no,Client no,Odate,Delyaddr,Salesmno)

Sales_order_detail(Order_no,Product_no, Qtyorder, product_rate,Qty_dispatched)

Write appropriate queries to perform the following operations:

- i) List name of all clients having 'a' as the second letter in their names.
- ii) Retrieve the description and total Qty sold for each product.
- iii) Find product no. and description of non moving products (i.e product not being sold).
- iv) For each product being sold, list the product number and the total amount (in Rs.) sold.
- v) List all client who stay in 'Bangalore' or 'Mumbai'
- vi) List the clients who stay in a city whose First letter is 'M'
- vii) Find the names of clients who had purchased the item 'Trouser'.
- viii) Find out if T-Shirt' has been ordered by any client and if so print the details of the client.
- ix) List details of all products whose unit price is more than Rs. 5000.00.
- x) Calculate the total amount (in Rs.) purchased by each client that has purchased items amounting more than Rs. 20000.

8. Create table

Author(Author id, Name, City, Country)

Catalog (Book id, Title, Author1 id, Author2 id, Publisher id, Category id, Year, Price)

Publisher(Publisher_id, Name, City, Country)

Order details (Order no, Book id, Quantity)

Category (Category id, Description)

Order_summary(Order_no, Member_id, Odate, Amount, Ostatus)

Member (Member id, Name, Address, Contact)

Assume that all books have at most two authors. Write appropriate queries to perform the following operations:

- a) Retrieve the title, author, and publisher names of all books published in 1999 and 2006.
- b) Retrieve the title of all books whose one author is 'A Tanenbum'.
- c) Get the details of all books whose price is greater than the average price of the books.
- d) Get the names of all the books for which an order has been placed.
- e) Get the names of all authors who have more than ten books in the catalog.
- f) Get the details of the authors whose books are being sold from the book club.
- g) Get the title and price of all books whose price is greater than the maximum of the category average.

4th SEMESTER

ITBMAJ2034: Computer Organization and Architecture (Credit 4, Total Marks 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objective

- To understand the basic concept of computer architecture
- To understand units of measure common to computer systems
- To know the difference between computer organization and computer architecture
- To understand the basic functions of computer components

Course Learning Outcome

- Learners could understand the basic of organizational and architectural issues of a digital computer
- Learners could utilize the concept of Machine language
- Learners would be able to analyze the various data transfer techniques in digital computer and the I/O interfaces
- Learners would be able to analyze the performance of various classes of memories

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit1: Introduction (10 Lectures 8 Mark)

Functional units of a computer, basic instructions, interconnection of functional units, bus structure, memory locations, memory addresses, memory operations, instruction and instruction sequencing (straight Line sequencing and branching), addressing modes, introduction to assembly language, stack, subroutine, I/O instructions.

Unit2: Register Transfer Logic

(12 Lectures 10 Marks)

Introduction, inter register transfer, arithmetic microoperation, logic microoperation, shift microoperation, Conditional control statements, fixed point binary data, instruction code, design of a simple computer.

Unit3: Processor logic design & Control logic design

(18 Lectures 15 Marks)

Processor organization, design of arithmetic and logic unitt, status register, design of accumulator. Hardware control, microprogrammed control block diagram, symbolic microprogram, microprogrammed CPU organization.

Unit4: I/O & Memory subsystem

(20 Lectures 17 Marks)

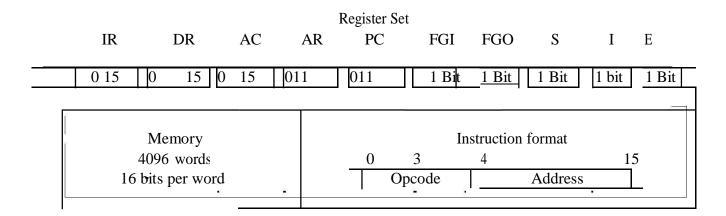
Program controlled I/O, Interrupts: enabling and disabling interrupts, handling interrupts from multiple sources (priority control), DMA, structure and working of hard disk, CDROM, printer. Semiconductor memory, SRAM, DRAM, ROM, speed size and cost, Cache memory, Mapping functions, replacement algorithms.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Computer System Architecture, M.Morris Mano, PHI publication
- 2. Computer Architecture, Hamachar, Vranesic and Zaky.

ITBMAJ2034: Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms LAB

1. Create a machine based on the following architecture:



Basic Computer Instructions

Memory Ref		Memory Reference		Reference	Inp	ut-Output]
Symbol	Hex		Symbol	Hex	Symbol	Hex	
AND	0xxx		CLA	E800	INP	F80 0	
 ADD	2xxx		CLE	E400	OUT	F40 0	
 LDA	4xxx	Direct	CMA	E200 -	SKI	F20 0	
STA	6xxx	Addressing	СМЕ	E100	SKO	F10 0	
BUN	8xxx		CIR	E080	ION	F08 0	Optional
 BSA	Axxx		CIL	E040	IOF	F04 0	
 ISZ	Cxxx		INC	E020		<u> </u>	
 AND_I	1xxx		SPA	E010		<u> </u>	
 ADD_I	3xxx		SNA	E008		<u> </u>	
 LDA_I	5xxx	Indirect	SZA	E004	-	 	
 STA_I	7xxx	Addressing	SZE	E002		 	
 BUN_I	9xxx		HLT	E001		 	
 BSA_I	Bxxx				I	I	
ISZ_I	Dxxx						

- 2. Create the micro operations and associate with instructions as given in the chapter(except interrupts). Design the register set, memory and the instruction set. Use this machine for the assignments of this section.
- 3. Create a Fetch routine of the instruction cycle.
- 4. Simulate the machine to determine the contents of AC, E, PC, AR and IR registers in hexadecimal after the execution of each of following register reference instructions:

a. CLA	e. CIR	i. SNA
b. CLE	f. CIL	j. SZA
c. CMA	g. INC	k. SZE
d. CME	h. SPA	1. HLT

Initialize the contents of AC to $(A937)_{16}$, that of PC to $(022)_{16}$ and E to 1.

- 5. Simulate the machine for the following memory-reference instructions with I= 0 and address part = 082. The instruction to be stored at address 022 in RAM. Initialize the memory word at address 082 with the operand B8F2 and AC with A937. Determine the contents of AC, DR, PC, AR and IR in hexadecimal after the execution.
 - a. ADD f. BSA b. AND g. ISZ
 - c. LDA
 - d. STA
 - e. BUN
- 6. Simulate the machine for the memory-reference instructions referred in above question with I= 1 and address part = 082. The instruction to be stored at address 026 in RAM. Initialize the memory word at address 082 with the value 298. Initialize the memory word at address 298 with operand B8F2 and AC with A937. Determine the contents of AC, DR, PC, AR and IR in hexadecimal after the execution.
- 7. Modify the machine created in Practical 1 according to the following instruction format:

Instruction format

0	2	3	4	15
Opcode		I		Address

- a. The instruction format contains a 3-bit opcode, a 1-bit addressing mode and a 12-bit address. There are only two addressing modes, I=0 (direct addressing) and I=1 (indirect addressing).
- b. Create a new register I of 1 bit.
- c. Create two new microinstructions as follows:
 - i. Check the opcode of instruction to determine type of instruction (Memory Reference/Register Reference/Input-Output) and then jump accordingly.
 - ii. Check the I bit to determine the addressing mode and then jump accordingly.

ITBMAJ2044: Digital Logic (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To make familiar with basic digital logic gates and number system.
- To understand and apply logic gates in hardware components.
- To learn the fundamental concepts of digital computer and its design.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to simplify digital logic gates.
- Learner would be able to differentiate between combinational circuits and sequential circuits.
- Learners acquire the concept of representation of data.
- Learners could determine various stages of instruction format, addressing modes and illustrate interrupts and their handling.

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit1: Introduction (12 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Boolean algebra and Logic gates Boolean operators, axiomatic Rules (postulates and basic theorems) of Boolean algebra, dual and complement of Boolean expression, Canonical form and Standard form, Sum of product and product of sum. Conversion between Boolean expression and truth table. Boolean expression and their simplification by algebraic method, Karnaugh map method (till four variable k-map). Logic gates: Different types of gates, Implementation of logic expression with logic gates.

Unit2: Combinational circuit

(15 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Adder: half adder, full adder, parallel binary adder, Subtracters: half subtracter and full subtracter, Magnitude comparator, Decoder, Encoder, Application examples of decoder and encoder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Application examples of multiplexer and demultiplexer, programmable logic Array (PLA)

Unit3: Sequential Circuit

(13 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Simple RS flipflop or latch, Clocked RS flipflop, D flipflop, JK flipflop, T flipf lop, Edge triggered flipflop (SR, D, JK), Asynchronous preset and clear inputs, master Slave Flip Flop, JK Master slave flip flop., edge triggering and level triggering.

Unit4: Counters, Resisters and the Memory Unit

(20 Lectures, 18 Marks)

Ripple counters: Binary Ripple Counter, BCD Ripple Counter. Synchronous Counters: Binary Counter.Resisters: Shift registers (serial in serial out, serial in parallel out, parallel in serial out, parallel in parallel out), Semiconductor memory: RAM, RAM Family, Examples of RAM: Integrated circuit Memory, Magnetic core Memory, Cache memory. Flash memory, Basic flash memory.

Suggested Readings:

- 1) 1. Digital Logic and Computer Design, Morris M. Mano
- 2) 2. Digital Fundamentals, Floyd and Jain.

ITBMAJ2044 LAB: Digital Logic LAB

- 1. Identify the peripherals of a computer, components in a CPU and its functions. Draw the block diagram of the CPU along with the configuration of each peripheral and submit to your instructor.
- 2. Every student should disassemble and assemble the PC back to working condition. Lab instructors should verify the work and follow it up with a Viva.
- 3. Every student should individually install MS windows on the personal computer. Lab instructor should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.
- 4. Every student should install Linux on the computer. This computer should have windows installed. The system should be configured as dual boot with both windows and Linux. Lab instructors should verify the installation and follow it up with a Viva.
- 5. Basic commands in Linux.
- 6. Hardware Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a PC which does not boot due to improper assembly or defective peripherals. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva.
- 7. Software Troubleshooting: Students have to be given a malfunctioning CPU due to system software problems. They should identify the problem and fix it to get the computer back to working condition. The work done should be verified by the instructor and followed up with a Viva.
- 8. The test consists of various systems with Hardware / Software related troubles, Formatted disks without operating systems. Installation of antivirus software, configure their personal firewall and windows update on their computer. Then they need to customize their browsers to block pop ups, block active x downloads to avoid viruses and/or worms.

ITBMAJ2054: Data Communication & Computer Network-I

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To provide knowledge on data communication system
- To get familiar with divergent methods of modulation
- To analyze various services of layered architecture

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners acquire basic understanding of data communication
- Learners get familiar to various modulation techniques
- Learners could analyze and evaluate various protocols or services of layered architecture

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to Data Communication & Network (20 Lectures, 16 Marks)

Data communication, Components of data communication, Data transmission mode, data communication measurement, Definition of Computer network, Types of Network, Network Topologies, Analog and digital signal, data-rate limits, digital to digital line encoding schemes, pulse code modulation, digital to analog modulation, Multiplexing techniques- FDM, TDM, Transmission media, Discrete Fourier Transform, Discrete Cosine Transform, Circuit switching, packets witching- connectionless datagram switching, connection oriented virtual circuit switching, dial-up modems, digital subscriber line, cable TV for data transfer

Unit-2: Data Link Layer functions, Multiple Access Protocol and LANs (15 Lectures, 15 Marks)
Error detection and error correction techniques, data-link control- framing and flow control, error recovery protocols- stop and wait ARQ, go-back-n ARQ, Point to Point Protocol on Internet, CSMA/CD protocols, Ethernet LANS, connecting LAN and backbone networks, repeaters, hubs, switches, bridges, router and gateways

Unit-3: Network & Transport Layer Protocols

(20 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Routing; routing algorithms; network layer protocol of Internet- IP protocol, Internet control protocols, Transport services- error and flow control, Connection establishment and release- three way handshake

Unit-4: Overview of Application layer protocol

(5 Lectures, 9 Marks)

Overview of DNS protocol, WWW & HTTP protocol.

Suggested Readings

B. A. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, Fourth edition, THM ,2007.

A. S. Tanenbaum: Computer Networks, Fourth edition, PHI , 2002

ITBMAJ2054 LAB: Data Communication (Computer Network-1) LAB

Simulate Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) error detection algorithm for noisy channel.

Simulate and implement stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.

Simulate and implement go back n sliding window protocol.

Simulate and implement selective repeat sliding window protocol.

Simulate and implement distance vector routing algorithm

Simulate and implement Dijkstra algorithm for shortest path routing.

ITBMIN2024: Introduction to Programming using C/C++ (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100) (Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course learning Objectives

- To learn procedure oriented and Object-Oriented approach to problem solving
- To acquire knowledge on reusability of program instructions using functions
- To learn about memory allocation and de-allocation techniques, preprocessor directives
- To construct and use of classes and objects.
- To explore Inheritances, overloading techniques and exceptions
- To acquire knowledge on various files stream classes and file handling operations

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to understand the significance of procedural and object oriented concept to solve problems
- Enable learners to grow skills of writing effective C++ program instructions, functions, apply memory allocation techniques
- Enable learners to construct programs using classes and objects
- Learners would be able to solve problems on inheritances and file handling concepts and overloading of operators and function.
- Learners would be able to know about exceptions and handle them in programs.
- Learners would acquire problem solving skills to tackle real world problems

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Fundamentals of C and C++

(12 Lectures, 12 Marks)

History of C and C++, Token (Identifiers, Keywords, Constants, Operators), Comments, data types (fundamental & derived), variable, expressions, Character I/O, Console I/O, Program structure (include, Global variables & functions, main()),

Unit-2: Decision Making Statements & Loops

(12 Lectures, 18 Marks)

Control Structures (Conditional-if, if-else, nested if-else-if, loops-for, while, do..while, jump statements-break, continue), Using Nested Statements (Conditional as well as Iterative)

Unit-3: Utility of Arrays, Function and memory allocation

(20 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Array (1D & 2D manipulation), function- definitions, Accessing and returning values, static & dynamic memory allocation using malloc, calloc, realloc, free, new and delete operators, concept of pointers

Unit-4: Structure and Unions

(16 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Declaring, initializing and using simple structures and unions, Manipulating individual members of structures and unions, accessing structure elements, array of structures, Passing and returning structures from functions

Suggested Readings

- 1. HerbtzSchildt, "C++: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill.2003
- 2. BjarneStroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley , 2013.
- 3. BjarneStroustroup, "Programming -- Principles and Practice using C++", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley 2014.
- 4. E Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
- 5. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011. 5. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with C++", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2000.
- 6. Andrew Koeni, Barbara, E. Moo, "Accelerated C++", Published by Addison-Wesley, 2000. 7. Scott Meyers, "Effective C++", 3rd Edition, Published by Addison-Wesley, 2005.
- 7. Harry, H. Chaudhary, "Head First C++ Programming: The Definitive Beginner's Guide", First Create space Inc, O-D Publishing, LLC USA.2014
- 8. Walter Savitch, "Problem Solving with C++", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 9. Stanley B. Lippman, JoseeLajoie, Barbara E. Moo, "C++ Primer", Published by Addison-Wesley, 5th Edition, 2012

ITBMAJ1014 LAB: Introduction to Programming using C/C++ Lab

- 1) WAP to print the sum of the digits of number.
- 2) WAP to print the product of digits of an integer.
- 3) WAP to reverse a number.
- 4) WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+...
- 5) WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S =1-2+3-4+5.....

- 6) Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
- 7) Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
- 8) 7.WAP to compute the factors of a given number.
- 9) Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
- 10) WAP to print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

*

- 11) WAP to perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
 - i) Print the even-valued elements
 - ii) Print the odd-valued elements
 - iii) Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
 - iv) Print the maximum and minimum element of array
 - v) Remove the duplicates from the array
 - vi) Print the array in reverse order

The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options. The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.

- 12) WAP that prints a table indicating the number of occurrences of each alphabet in the text entered as command line arguments.
- 13) Write a program that swaps two numbers using pointers.
- 14) Write a program in which a function is passed address of two variables and then alter its contents.
- 15) Write a program which takes the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.
- 16) Write a program to find sum of n elements entered by the user. To write this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() / calloc() functions or new operator.
- 17) Write a menu driven program to perform following operations on strings:
 - i) Show address of each character in string
 - ii) Concatenate two strings without using streat function.
 - iii) Concatenate two strings using streat function.
 - iv) Compare two strings
 - v) Calculate length of the string (use pointers)
 - vi) Convert all lowercase characters to uppercase
 - vii) Convert all uppercase characters to lowercase
 - viii) Calculate number of vowels
 - ix) Reverse the string
- 18) Given two ordered arrays of integers, write a program to merge the two-arrays

to get an ordered array.

- 19) WAP to display Fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 20) WAP to calculate Factorial of a number (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 21) WAP to calculate GCD of two numbers (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion.
- 22) Write a program to implement structure data type
- 23) Write a program to implement union data type

ITBINT2012: Internship

5th SEMESTER

ITBMAJ3014 : Software Engineering (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objective

- 1) To learn and understand the layered technology implicated in software engineering.
- 2) To gather knowledge on system engineering and data modeling concepts.
- 3) To explore the various design processes.
- 4) To analyze software testing and implement quality control strategies.

Course Learning Outcome

- 1) Learners could explain the process involved in software engineering.
- 2) Learners could compute the impact of various risks involved in software development.
- 3) It enables learners to adapt suitable software model for problem solving.
- 4) Learners could design and build test cases for software testing and quality management.

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction

(10 Lectures, 08 Marks)

The Evolving Role of Software, Software Characteristics, Changing Nature of Software, Software Engineering as a Layered Technology, Software Process Framework, SDLC model (Waterfall, iterative and incremental, prototype, Agile), Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI).

Unit-2: Requirement Analysis and Software Project Management(22 Lectures, 20 Marks)

Software Requirement Analysis, Initiating Requirement Engineering Process, Requirement Analysis and Modeling Techniques, Flow Oriented Modeling, Need for SRS, Characteristics and Components of SRS, Estimation in Project Planning Process, Project Scheduling, Software Risks, Risk Identification, Risk Projection and Risk Refinement, RMMM Plan.

Unit-3: Design Engineering

(12 Lectures, 10Marks)

Design Concepts, Architectural Design Elements, Software Architecture, Data Design at the Architectural Level and Component Level, coupling and cohesion, Mapping of Data Flow into Software Architecture, Modeling Component Level Design

Unit-4: Software testing and Quality Management

(16 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Software Testing Fundamentals, Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Validation Testing, System testing, Black-Box Testing, White-Box Testing and their type, Basis Path Testing, Quality Concepts, Software Quality Assurance, Software Reviews, Metrics for Process and Projects,

Suggested Readings:

- 1.R.S. Pressman, Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach (7th Edition), McGraw-Hill, 2009.
- 2.P. Jalote, An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering (2nd Edition), Narosa Publishing House, 2003.
- 3. K.K. Aggarwal and Y. Singh, Software Engineering (2nd Edition), New Age International Publishers, 2008.
- 4.I. Sommerville, Software Engineering (8th edition), Addison Wesley, 2006.
- 5.D. Bell, Software Engineering for Students (4th Edition), Addison-Wesley, 2005.
- 6.R. Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering (2nd Edition), Prentice-Hall of India, 2004.

ITBMAJ3014 LAB: Software Engineering Lab

Students are to design/build the following items for the sample projects mentioned underneath-

- i) Entity Relationship (ER) diagram
- ii) Data Dictionary
- iii) Data Flow Diagram
- iv) Normalization on the database tables (1NF, 2NF, 3NF & BCNF)

Sample Projects:

- 1. Criminal Record Management: Implement a criminal record management system for jailers, police officers and CBI officers
- 2. DTC Route Information: Online information about the bus routes and their frequency and fares
- 3. Car Pooling: To maintain a web based intranet application that enables the corporate employees within an organization to avail the facility of carpooling effectively.
- 4. Patient Appointment and Prescription Management System
- 5. Organized Retail Shopping Management Software
- 6. Online Hotel Reservation Service System
- 7. Examination and Result computation system
- 8. Automatic Internal Assessment System
- 9. Parking Allocation System
- 10. Wholesale Management System.

ITBMAJ3024: Operating System (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objective

- To understand the various types and functions of Operating Systems.
- To learn the process and various scheduling algorithms.
- To explore various issues in inter-process communications and address them.
- To evaluate the Memory management algorithms, allocation methods and virtual memory implementations.
- To analyze file and I/O management in Operating System.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to distinguish different operating systems.
- Learners would be able to explain algorithms used for process scheduling.
- Learners could suitable address process management issues.
- Learners could explain file management strategies and protective measures.

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1. Introduction to OS and its organization

(14Lectures, 12 Marks)

Basic OS functions, resource abstraction, types of operating systems—multiprogramming systems, batch systems, time sharing systems; operating systems for personal computers & workstations, process control & real time systems, Processor and user modes, kernels, system calls and system programs.

Unit-2.Process Management

(18 Lectures, 16 Marks)

System view of the process and resources, process abstraction, process hierarchy, threads, threading issues, thread libraries; Process Scheduling, non-pre-emptive, and pre-emptive scheduling algorithms, FCFS, Shortest Job first, Round Robin, Priority scheduling, concurrent and processes, critical section, semaphores, methods for interprocess communication; deadlocks.

Unit-3. Memory Management

(14 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Physical and virtual address space; memory allocation strategies –fixed and variable partitions, paging, segmentation, virtual memory

Unit-4. File and I/O Management, Protection and Security (14 L

(14 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Directory structure, file operations, file allocation methods, device management, Policy mechanism, Authentication, Internal access Authorization.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. A Silberschatz, P.B. Galvin, G. Gagne, Operating Systems Concepts, 8 Edition, John Wiley Publications 2008.
- 2. A.S. Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education 2007.
- 3. G. Nutt. Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition Pearson Education 1997.
- 4. W. Stallings, Operating Systems, Internals & Design Principles, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2008.
- 5. M. Milenkovic, Operating Systems- Concepts and design, Tata McGraw Hill 1992.

ITBMAJ3024: Operating Systems Lab

- 1. WRITE A PROGRAM (using fork() and/or exec() commands) where parent and child execute:
 - a) same program, same code.
 - b) same program, different code.
 - c) before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.
- 2. WRITE A PROGRAM to report behaviour of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)
- 3. WRITE A PROGRAM to report behaviour of Linux kernel including information on configured memory, amount of free and used memory. (memory information)
- 4. WRITE A PROGRAM to print file details including owner access permissions, file access time, where file name is given as argument.
- 5. WRITE A PROGRAM to copy files using system calls.
- 6. Write program to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm.
- 7. Write program to implement Round Robin scheduling algorithm.
- 8. Write program to implement SJF scheduling algorithm.
- 9. Write program to implement non-preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.
- 10. Write program to implement preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.
- 11. Write program to implement SRJF scheduling algorithm.
- 12. Write program to calculate sum of n numbers using *thread* library.
- 13. Write a program to implement first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit allocation strategies.

ITBMAJ3034: Theory of Computation (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn basic operations on language
- To apply the formal models of computation and their relationships with formal languages
- To utilize regular and context free languages
- To evaluate models of computation

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to know about language characteristics
- Learners would be able to implement regular languages and context free languages
- Learners would be able to assess different models of computation
- Learners would be able to design models of computation machine to recognize simple language

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Language

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Alphabets, string, language, Basic Operations on language, Concatenation, union, KleeneStar

Unit-2: Finite Automata and Regular Languages

(18 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Regular Expressions, Transition Graphs, Deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata, NFA to DFA Conversion, Regular languages and their relationship with finite automata, Pumping lemma and closure properties of regular languages.

Unit-3: Context free languages

(17 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Context free grammars, parse trees, ambiguities in grammars and languages, Pushdown automata (Deterministic and Non-deterministic), Properties of context free languages, normal forms.

Unit-4: Turing Machines and Models of Computations

(15 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Turing Machine as a model of computation, Universal Turing Machine, Language acceptability, decidability, halting problem, Recursively enumerable and recursive languages

Suggested Readings

- 1.Daniel I.A.Cohen, Introduction to computer theory, John Wiley, 1996
- 2.Lewis & Papadimitriou, Elements of the theory of computation, PHI 1997.
- 3. Hoperoft, Aho, Ullman, Introduction to Automata theory, Language & Computation 3rd Edition, Pearson Education. 2006
- 4.P. Linz, An Introduction to Formal Language and Automata 4th edition Publication Jones Bartlett, 2006

ITBMAJ3034 LAB: Theory of Computation LAB

- 1) Design a Finite State Machine (FSM) that accepts all strings over input symbols {0, 1} having three consecutive 1's as a substring.
- 2) Design a Finite State Machine (FSM) that accepts all strings over input symbols {0, 1} which are divisible by 3.
- 3) Design a Finite State Machine (FSM) that accepts all decimal string which are divisible by 3.
- 4) Design a Push Down Automata (PDA) that accepts all string having equal number of 0's and 1's over input symbol {0, 1} for a language 0n1n where n >= 1.
- 5) Design a Program to create PDA machine that accept the well-formed parenthesis.
- 6) Design a PDA to accept WCWR where w is any binary string and WR is reverse of that string and C is a special symbol.
- 7) Design a Turing Machine that calculates 2's complement of given binary string.
- 8) Design a Turing Machine which will increment the given binary number by 1.
- 9) Design a Turing Machine that's accepts the following language anbncn where n>0.
- 10) Design a Turing Machine to accept WR where w is any binary string and WR is reverse of that string.

ITBMAJ3044: Introduction to Python Programming (Credit: 4, Total Marks:100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand basic features of programming
- To understand and apply programming constructs to solve problems
- To apply various built-in and user-defined types and functions in applications
- To know and analyze file operations

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to acquire knowledge on programming fundamentals
- Learners develop modular python programs to solve computational problems
- Learners could use lists, sets, tuples and dictionary in applications
- Learners could utilize a suitable programming construct and data structure for searching and sorting problems
- Learners would be able to operate files handling functions

Theory 60 Lectures

UNIT 1: Problem Solving through Computer

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Problem definition, Concept of problem solving, Flowchart, decision table, algorithms, Structured programming concepts, Programming methodologies viz. top-down and bottom-up programming, Program design, Types of errors in programming, Debugging, Documentation, Concept of OOPS

UNIT 2: Introduction to Python

(24 Lectures, 17 Marks)

Structure of a Python Program, Elements of Python, Python Interpreter, Using Python as calculator, Python shell, Indentation, Data types (List, set, Tuple, Dictionary, compound data types), Atoms, Identifiers and keywords, Literals, Strings, Operators (Arithmetic operator, Relational operator, Logical or Boolean operator, Assignment, Operator, Ternary operator, Bit wise operator, Increment or Decrement operator). Input and Output Statements, Control statements (Branching, Looping, Conditional Statement, the return statement, Recursion, Stack diagrams for recursive functions, Multiple assignment, Exit function, Difference between break, continue and pass, Defining Functions, Working with Arguments, Tables, Two-dimensional tables

UNIT 3: Arrays, Strings and Lists, Searching and Sorting

(18 Lectures, 14 Marks)

String as a compound data type, Length, Traversal and the for loop, String slices, String comparison, A find function, Looping and counting, List values, Accessing elements, List length, List membership, Lists and for loops, List operations, List deletion, Cloning lists, Nested lists Linear and Binary Search, Bubble sort, Selection sort and Insertion sort.

UNIT 4: Python File Operations

(8 Lecture, 9 Marks)

Understanding read functions, read(), readline() and readlines(), Understanding write functions, write() and writelines(), Programming using file Operations, Reading config files in python, Writing log files in python.

Suggested Readings and Materials

- 1. T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
- 2. Python Tutorial/Documentation www.python.or 2015
- 3. Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers, How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python, Freely available online.2012
- 4. http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html
- 5. http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- 6. http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read

ITBMIN3014 LAB: Introduction to Python LAB

- 1) Write a menu driven program to convert the given temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius and vice versa depending upon user's choice.
- 2) WAP to calculate total marks, percentage and grade of a student. Marks obtained in each of the three subjects are to be input by the user. Assign grades according to the following criteria:

Grade A: Percentage >=80

Grade B: Percentage>=70 and<80 Grade C: Percentage>=60 and <70 Grade D: Percentage>=50 and <60

Grade E: Percentage<40

- 3) Write a menu-driven program, using user-defined functions to find the area of rectangle, square, circle and triangle by accepting suitable input parameters from user.
- 4) Write a program to display the first n terms of Fibonacci series.
- 5) Write a method to calculate GCD of two numbers.
- 6) Write a program to print all prime number between a range(for example between 1 and 100).
- 7) Write a program to compare three numbers and print the largest one.
- 8) Write a program to find factorial of the given number.
- 9) Write a program to find sum of the following series for n terms: $1 2/2! + 3/3! \cdots n/n!$
- 10) Write a program to calculate the sum and product of two compatible matrices
- 11) Write a function that takes a string input and checks if it is a palindrome or not.
- 12) Write a list function to convert a string into a list, as in list ('abc') gives [a, b, c].
- 13) Write a program to implement linear and binary search on lists.
- 14) Write a program to sort a list using insertion sort and bubble sort and selection sort.
- 15) Write a program to read and write files

ITBMIN3014: Basics of DBMS and SQL (Credit: 4, Total Marks:100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To provide the basics of data management
- To learn and acquire skills to design and develop databases
- To create and manipulate databases
- To write efficient SQL queries to retrieve data based on the requirements
- To validate the data before storing it in the databases through constraints.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to understand and maintain the real world data
- Learners could develop efficient skills to manipulate databases using SQL
- Learners could validate data for storage in the database

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1:Introduction to DBMS

(14 Lectures, 16 Marks)

Database, Traditional file approach (File management system) vs Database management system. Characteristics of DBMS Advantages & disadvantages of DBMS, DBMS users, DBMS Architecture& data independence, Data model, Schemas & Instances. Three level architectural schema & Data - independence

Unit-2.Relation data model

(10 Lectures, 16 Marks)

Relational model, RDBMS & its terminologies, Concept of keys (primary key, alternate key, candidate key, composite key, superkey and foreign key), Fundamental integrity constraints (entity integrity, domain integrity & referential integrity).

Unit-3.Database design

(24 Lectures, 18 Marks)

Phases of database design, Entities & attributes, Entity type, Entity sets Relationship type, relationship sets & instances. Relationship degree, roles & recursive relationship, Constraints on relationship types (cardinality ratios for binary relationship, participation constraints). Dependency diagram and ER diagram, naming conventions & design issues. Conversion of ER diagram into relational table. Normalization: Informal design guidelines for relational schema, Functional dependencies, normal forms based on primary keys (1NF,2NF,3NF & BCNF). Functional dependency diagram and design of relational database from it.

Unit-4. SQL

(8 Lectures, 10 Marks)

ANSI SQL -92 Standard: DDL, DML,SQL constructs (select ..from ... where ...Group by .. having ...order by), insert, delete, update. Definition & use of nested queries, constraints considers (NOT NULL, UNIQUE, CHECK, FOREIGN KEY).

Suggested Readings:

- 1. 1. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 2. R. Ramakrishanan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. A. Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Database System Concepts 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 4. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe Database Systems Models, Languages, Design and application Programming, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- 5. Baron Schwartz, High Performance MySQL, O'Reilly, 2012
- 6. VikramVaswani, The Complete Reference MySQL, McGraw Hill Educations, 2004

ITBMAJ3014 LAB: ITBMAJ3034: Database Management System (DBMS) and SQL LAB

- A. Creating database
- B. Creating user name passwords
- C. Creating Tables
- D. Using DDL/DML statements

Create and use the following database schema to answer the given queries.

EMPLOYEE Schema					
Field	Туре	NULL KEY		DEFAULT	
Eno	Char(3)	NO	PRI	NIL	
Ename	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL	
Job_type	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL	
Manager	Char(3)	Yes	FK	NIL	
Hire_date	Date	NO		NIL	
Dno	Integer	YES	FK	NIL	
Commission	Decimal(10,2)	YES		NIL	
Salary	Decimal(7,2)	NO		NIL	

DEPARTM	ENT Schema		
Field	Туре	NULL KEY	DEFAUL T
Dno	Integer	No PRI	NULL
Dname	Varchar(50)	Yes	NULL
Location	Varchar(50)	Yes	New Delhi

Query List

- 1. Query to display Employee Name, Job, Hire Date, Employee Number; for each employee with the Employee Number appearing first.
- 2. Query to display unique Jobs from the Employee Table.
- 3. Query to display the Employee Name concatenated by a Job separated by a comma.
- 4. Query to display all the data from the Employee Table. Separate each Column by a comma and name the said column as THE OUTPUT.
- 5. Query to display the Employee Name and Salary of all the employees earning more than

\$2850.

- 6. Query to display Employee Name and Department Number for the Employee No= 7900.
- 7.Query to display Employee Name and Salary for all employees whose salary is not in the range of Rs.1500 and Rs.2850.
- 8. Query to display Employee Name and Department No. of all the employees in Dept 10 and Dept 30 in the alphabetical order by name.
- 9. Query to display Name and Hire Date of every Employee who was hired in 1981.
- 10. Query to display Name and Job of all employees who don't have a current Manager.
- 11. Query to display the Name, Salary and Commission for all the employees who earn commission.
- 12. Sort the data in descending order of Salary and Commission.
- 13. Query to display Name of all the employees where the third letter of their name is 'A'
- 14. Query to display Name of all employees either have two 'R's or have two 'A's in their name and are either in Dept No = 30 or their Manger's Employee No = 7788.
- 15. Query to display Name, Salary and Commission for all employees whose Commission Amount is 14 greater than their Salary increased by 5%.
- 16. Query to display the Current Date.
- 17. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Salary Review Date which is the 1st Monday after six months of employment.
- 18. Query to display Name and calculate the number of months between today and the date each employee was hired.
- 19. Query to display the following for each employee <E-Name> earns < Salary> monthly but wants < 3 * Current Salary >. Label the Column as Dream Salary.
- 20. Query to display Name with the 1st letter capitalized and all other letter lower case and length of their name of all the employees whose name starts with _J', 'A' and _M'.
- 21. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Day of the week on which the employee started.
- 22. Query to display Name, Department Name and Department No for all the employees.
- 23. Query to display Unique Listing of all Jobs that are in Department # 30.
- 24. Query to display Name, Dept Name of all employees who have an A' in their name.
- 25. Query to display Name, Job, Department No. And Department Name for all the employees working at the Dallas location.
- 26. Query to display Name and Employee no. Along with their Manger's Name and the Manager's employee no; along with the Employees' Name who do not have a Manager.
- 27. Query to display Name, Dept No. And Salary of any employee whose department No. and salary matches both the department no. And the salary of any employee who earns a commission.
- 28. Query to display Name and Salaries represented by asterisks, where each asterisk (*) signifies \$100.
- 29. Query to display the Highest, Lowest, Sum and Average Salaries of all the employees
- 30. Query to display the number of employees performing the same Job type functions.
- 31. Query to display the no. of managers without listing their names.
- 32. Query to display the Department Name, Location Name, No. of Employees and the average salary for all employees in that department.
- 33. Query to display Name and Hire Date for all employees in the same dept. as Blake.
- 34. Query to display the Employee No. And Name for all employees who earn more than the average salary.
- 35. Query to display Employee Number and Name for all employees who work in a department

with any employee whose name contains a 'T'.

- 36. Query to display the names and salaries of all employees who report to King.
- 37. Query to display the department no, name and job for all employees in the Sales department.

6th SEMESTER

ITBMAJ3054 COMPUTER GRAPHICS

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand the basic elements of Computer Graphics
- To focus and apply fundamental techniques of graphics for modeling, rendering and interaction aspects of computer graphics
- To emphasize and utilize the basic principles needed for surface determination

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to describe Graphical Input and output devices along with display devices
- Learners could implement algorithms for drawing line, circle, ellipse, for line clipping, polygon clipping and filling
- Learners could implement 2D, 3D object representation, Transformation, projections
- Learners could implement visible surface determination algorithms, Illumination models and surface rendering methods and color models

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to graphics and its hardware

(17 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Basic elements of Computer graphics-line, shape, form, texture, space, imagery, typography, color, Applications of Computer Graphics (cartography, Medical diagnostics, Education, Computer Games etc.), Input Devices- Keyboard, Mouse, Trackball & Space ball, Joystick, Data Glove, Digitizers, Image Scanners, Touch panels, Light Pens systems, Output display devices-Refresh CRT, Raster-Scan display and Random-scan display, Direct view storage tubes, Emissive & Non-emissive flat-panel, Displays Plasma panels, Thin-film electrostatic displays, LED and LCD monitor,

Architecture of Raster and Random scan display devices

Unit-2: Fundamental Techniques in Graphics

(18 Lectures, 15 Marks)

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Color display techniques-Beam penetration method and Shadow-mask method, Raster scan line, circle and ellipse drawing, thick primitives, Polygon filling, line and polygon clipping algorithms, Bresenham's line drawing algorithm, mid-point circle drawing algorithm, Cohen and Sutherland line clipping algorithm, Sutherland Hodgeman algorithm, 2D and 3D Geometric Transformations, 2D and 3D Viewing Transformations (Projections- Parallel and Perspective), Vanishing points.

Unit-3: Geometric Modeling

(10 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Representation of curves & surfaces, Bezier curve and Hermite curve (Definition, properties, algorithms)

Unit-4: Visible Surface Determination and Rendering

(15 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Definition, algorithms for visible surface detection — Depth buffer method, A-buffer method, Ray- casting method, curved surfaces, Hidden surface elimination, Basic illumination models-Ambient light, diffuse reflection, Specula reflector and Phong model, Basic color models and Computer Animation (Definition and types)

Suggested Readings

- **1.** J.D.Foley, A.Van Dan, Feiner, Hughes Computer Graphics Principles & Practice 2nd edition Publication Addison Wesley 1990.
- 2. D.Hearn, Baker: Computer Graphics, Prentice Hall of India 2008.
- 3. D.F.Rogers Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill 1997.
- **4.** D.F.Rogers, Adams Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill 2nd edition 1989.

ITBMAJ3054 Computer Graphics LAB

- 1. Write a program to implement Bresenham's line drawing algorithm.
- 2. Write a program to implement mid-point circle drawing algorithm.
- 3. Write a program to clip a line using Cohen and Sutherland line clipping algorithm.
- 4. Write a program to clip a polygon using Sutherland Hodgeman algorithm.
- 5. Write a program to apply various 2D transformations on a 2D object (use homogenous coordinates).
- 6. Write a program to apply various 3D transformations on a 3D object and then apply parallel and perspective projection on it.
- 7. Write a program to draw Hermite/Bezier curve.

ITBMAJ3064 : Microprocessor (Credit :4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course learning Objectives

- To acquire knowledge on different registers, instruction format and memory.
- To identify the various components of 8085 microprocessor.
- To learn and write assembly language program code for 8085 microprocessor.
- To gather knowledge on 8085 microprocessor interfacing and interrupts.

Course learning Outcomes

- Learners would be to grasp knowledge on Internal Organization of 8085 microprocessor.
- Learners could develop knowledge on 8085 microprocessor architecture.
- Learners would be able to implement assembly language for 8085 microprocessor application.
- Learners get accustomed with 8085 microprocessor interfacing and interrupts handling.

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit1: Internal Organization of 8085A microprocessor

(Lectures 12, 08 Marks)

User Programmable registers, PC, SP, accumulator, flags, data bus, address bus, control bus, instruction word size, opcode format, data format, memory addressing, I/O addressing, address decoding for memory and I/O.

Unit2: 8085A microprocessor architecture

(Lectures 12, 14 Marks)

Pinout of 8085A microprocessor, multiplexed address/data bus, control and status signal, demultiplexing of control signals, other signals, bus timings, fetch decode and execute cycle, timing diagram for opcode fetch memory read and memory write, interfacing memory and I/O.

Unit3: Assembly language programming in 8085A microprocessor (Lectures 12, 10 Marks) Complete instruction set in detail, programming examples, logic operation, and counters and time delays, stack and subroutine, processing arrays, bit manipulation.

Unit4: Interfacing and Interrupt

(Lectures 24, 18Marks)

In and OUT instruction, decoding addresses, Interfacing LED, relay, seven segment display, switch, keyboard. Vectored interrupts, interrupt priorities, general purpose programmable peripheral devices, 8255A control and status registers, programming 8255A, introduction to 8279, 8254 and 8237 (block diagrams and basic functions).

Suggested Readings:

1. Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Application with the 8085 by Ramesh S. Gaonkar

ITBMAJ3064LAB:MICROPROCESSOR LAB

- 1. Write a program to add two 8 bit numbers & store it in a memory location 8820h.
- 2. Write a program to copy a block of memory from one location 8820h to another location 8840h.
- 3. Write a program to perform the addition of two 16 bit numbers.
- 4. Write a program to add two numbers & store it in a register e.
- 5. Write a program to load two unsigned numbers in register b & c. Subtract b from c. If the result is in 2's complement, convert the result in absolute magnitude & display it.
- 6. Write a program to find the difference of two numbers & store the result in a memory location 8830h.
- 7. Write a program to find the larger / smaller of two given numbers.
- 8. Write a program to subtract two numbers and add it to a given memory location.
- 9. Write a program to perform x y 5, where x and y are 16 bit numbers.
- 10. Write a program to find 2's complement of a number.

ITBMAJ3074 SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION USING LINUX (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To make learners understand the basic standards of system administration
- To acquaint with essential features of Linux and apply it for administration of system
- To acquire knowledge on file system and develop skills for processes management
- To analyze administrative commands for system management
- To utilize proficiency in user authentication process and network management

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would become familiar with basic concepts on system administration using Linux
- Learners would develop understanding of file system and processes for proper working of the system
- Learners would be able to apply system administration commands to solve various technical issues
- Learners would be able to manage user validation and network trouble shooting

Unit-1: Introduction to Linux System Administration

(10 Lectures, 12 Marks)

About System Administration, Duties of System Administrator, Basic features of the Linux operating system, Installation requirements, Partitioning the Hard drive in Linux, Installing the Linux system, installing and configuring software in Linux, Linux kernel program, system Startup and Shutdown, Standard I/O, Standard error, redirection and piping.

Unit-2: Basics of Linux file system

(12 Lectures, 13 Marks)

File System hierarchy and types, absolute and relative path names, Basic commands for files and directories- ls, cp, mv, rm, mkdir, rmdir, more, creating and viewing files, mounting and unmounting file systems and partitions, Structure of /etc/fstab file and its purpose, I-node, directories, hard link, symbolic link, setting user and group ownership of files and access permissions, study of different linux shells (sh, bash, csh, zsh), Environment variable, Bash variables, login vs non-login shells, Shell script basics

Unit-3: Process organization

(14 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Basic commands for starting and stopping processes, basic process attributes and their role in access control, Examining the list of running processes on the system and understand the data presented there, background process, sending signals to processes and modifying process priorities, job control, crontab file format, backup and restore procedure, configuring the print queue, selecting the printer driver, editing the printer configuration, deleting printer setting, default printer.

Unit-4: Managing user accounts and Network configuration (24 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Adding user, password, creating groups, adding and deleting groups, viewing user account information, understanding the 'root' account, implementing sudo, file ownership and access permission, system monitoring and logging, monitoring memory usage, disk space usage and I/O activity, logging and its necessity, customizing system log information, IP address classes and netmasks, Network Address, Netmask and Gateway, configuring Interface with ifconfig, adding routes, ping, netstat, traceroute, telnet, Understanding the significance of the /etc/services file and well known port numbers, Basics of configuring NFS, NIS, DNS, FTP, Squid Proxy, DHCP server, iptables and firewall, Basic Network Security Issues.

Suggested Readings

- 1) Richard Peterson, Linux: The Complete Reference 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2008
- 2) Aeleen Frisch, Essential System Administration, O'REILLY, 3rd ed., 2002
- 3) Evi Nemeth, Garth Snyder, Trent R. Hein, Ben Whaley, UNIX and Linux System Administration, 4th ed., 2010
- 4) Sobel M.: A Practical Guide to Linux Commands, Editors, and Shell Programming, Pearson Education, 2006
- 5) Red Hat Linux, Proffitt, PHI
- 6) Introduction to system Administration, IBM series, PHI

ITBMAJ3074 SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION USING LINUX LAB

- 1. Installation of Linux System
- 2. Partitioning Hard drive in Linux
- 3. Installing and configuring software in Linux
- 4. Basic commands for files and directories- ls, cp, mv, rm, mkdir, rmdir, more, creating and viewing files, mounting and unmounting file systems and partitions
- 5. Creating, managing Users Accounts, Groups, and Permissions
- 6. Managing Processes
- 7. Configuring Device files
- 8. Learn the significance and usage of /etc/services file, /etc/hosts file
- 9. Configure a LAN in Linux environment, Configure the NIC using ifconfig command,
- 10. Starting and stopping network services in Linux system, exploring the following commands
 - a. ifup
 - b. ifdown
 - c. ping
- 11. Exercising remote login using ssh (The secure shell) and remote copy using scp (secure copy)

ITBMAJ3084: COMPILER DESIGN (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn how to acquire knowledge on different phases of compilation and different passes of the compiler.
- To understand Learners would be able to design different types of compiler tools to meet the requirements of the realistic constraints of compilers.
- Learners would be able to understand Top-Down and Bottom-up parsers along with the construction of parsing table
- Learners would be able to visualize and understand the target machine's run time environment, its instruction set for code generation and techniques used for code optimization.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would acquire knowledge of different phases of compilation and different passes of the compiler.
- Learners would be able to design different types of compiler tools to meet the requirements of the realistic constraints of compilers.
- Learners would be able to understand Top-Down and Bottom-up parsers along with the construction of parsing table
- Learners would be able to visualize and understand the target machine's run time environment, its instruction set for code generation and techniques used for code optimization.

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit 1: Introduction

What is a compiler? Structure of compiler, Phases of compiler, Overview of working of a compiler, linker, loader

Unit 2: Lexical Analysis

(15 Lectures, 11 Marks)

(10 Lectures, 8 Marks)

NFA, DFA, conversion from NFA to DFA, Regular expression, Regular expression to NFA conversion, Minimization of DFA, Structure of Lexical analyzer, use of finite automata to write lexical analyzer

Unit 3: Syntax analysis

(15 Lectures, 16 Marks)

Grammar representation, Derivation and parse tree, Ambiguity and possible elimination, Top down parsing, Recursive descent and predictive top down parsing, Elimination of Left recursion, Bottom up parsing, Operator precedence parsing, LR parsing (including SLR and LALR), Error detection and recovery, Parser table construction.

Unit 4: Code generation and Code Optimization

(20 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Symbol table contents, implementation, Type checking. Syntax directed translation. Forms of intermediate codes, Abstract Syntax Trees, Directed Acyclic Graph, Three address code, Intermediate code generation for different language constructs, Boolean expressions, if, if else, while, case or switch, Target code generation issues, register allocation, Runtime storage management, DAG, basic blocks, Common sub expression elimination, variable propagation, code motion, strength reduction, elimination of dead code, loop optimization.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1) Aho, Sethi, Ullman; Compilers, Principles, Techniques, Tools, Pearson Education.
- 2) Compiler Design, Santanu Chattopadhyay, P.H.I.
- 3) SantanuChattopadhyaya, Systems Programming, PHI, 2011.
- 4) Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools", 2nd edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 5) D. M. Dhamdhere, Systems Programming, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011.
- 6) Leland Beck, D. Manjula, System Software: An Introduction to System Programming, 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 7) Grune D, Van Reeuwijk . K, Bal H. E, Jacobs C J H, Langendoen K, Modern CompilerDesign, 2ndedition, Springer, 2012

ITBMAJ3084 LAB: COMPILER DESIGN LAB

Laboratory (Learners may use C/C++)

- 1) Write a program to generate tokens for given lexeme
- 2) Write a program to find whether the string is parsing or not.
- 3) Write a program to implement simple lexical analyzer using c language.
- 4) Write a program to generate syntax tree.
- 5) Write a program to construct NFA for the given regular expression
- 6) Write a program to construct DFA for the given regular expression
- 7) Write a program to implement symbol table using c language.
- 8) Write a program to find first & follow from a grammar.
- 9) Write a program to implement construction of operator precedence parse table
- 10) Write a program to implement simple LR parsing algorithm.

ITBMIN3024: INTRODUCTION TO R-PROGRAMMING (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To understand and gain familiarity with R-programming environment
- To apply various R-programming constructs to solve computational problems
- To work on different file handling operations
- To utilize visualizing tools for analyzing the data
- To gain knowledge on different data preprocessing activities and building applications

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to work on R-programming environment
- Learners would be able to use R- programming constructs to solve problems
- To work on different file handling operations
- Learners would visualize data using R-tools such as Histogram, Box Plot, Bar chart etc.
- Learners would employ data manipulation tools to resolve different data preprocessing

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit 1 Introduction to R

(12 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Overview of R, Installation and configuration of R programming environment, R data types and objects- R Reserved Words, Variables & Constants, R Operators and Operator Precedence, Decision and Loop- if...else, for loop, while loop, break & next, functions, scoping rules, Loop functions, debugging tools, Simulation, code profiling

Unit 2 Data Structures and charts

(18 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Vectors, Matrices and Lists, Data Frames and Factors, Slicing, Selection and Filtering, Visualizing data using Bar chart, Pie Chart, scatter plot, line plot, Histogram, Box Plot

Unit-3: File Reading and Writing

(12 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Basic concept of files, basic file handling operations, Read/write data using text files, csv files and excel sheet, Retrieving data from websites

Unit-4: Data Manipulation and GUI

(18 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Clean data-Missing and Duplicate Values, Sorting, Data Type Conversion, Merging and Joining Data Frames, GroupBy and Pivot Tables, Working with Date/Time Data, Building application, interacting with database connectivity

Suggested Readings

- 1) Norman Matloff, The Art of R Programming A Tour of Statistical Software Design, No Starch Press.2011
- 2) Cotton, R., Learning R: a step by step function guide to data analysis. 1st edition. O'reilly Media Inc
- 3) https://jrnold.github.io/r4ds-exercise-solutions/index.html
- 4) https://www.r-project.org/
- 5) https://cran.r-project.org/

ITBMIN3024: INTRODUCTION TO R-PROGRAMMING LAB

- 1) Write a program that prints 'Hello World' to the screen.
- 2) Write a program that asks the user for a number n and prints the sum of the numbers 1 to n
- 3) Write a program that prints a multiplication table for numbers up to 12.
- 4) Write a function that returns the largest element in a list.
- 5) Write a function that computes the running total of a list.
- 6) Write a function that tests whether a string is a palindrome or not
- 7) Write a function that tests whether a user input number is a palindrome or not
- 8) Implement linear search.
- 9) Implement binary search.
- 10) Implement matrices addition, subtraction and Multiplication
- 11) Write a program to print all prime number between a range (eg. between 1 and 100)
- 12) Write a program to compare three numbers and print the largest one.
- 13) Write a program to find factorial of the given number.
- 14) Write a program to find the sum of the digits of a number

7TH SEMESTER

ITBMAJ4014: DATAMINING AND WAREHOUSING (Credit 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand data mining techniques and warehousing
- To generate association rules from real-life datasets
- To analyze different clustering methods and classification tools for identifying similar groups of datasets
- To gather knowledge on building data warehouse for mining applications

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to gain knowledge on data mining and warehousing techniques
- Learners would utilize resultant interesting rules for appropriate prediction of data
- Learners would be able to evaluate suitable clustering methods for grouping similar data
- Learners would be able to acquire knowledge on building warehouse application

Theory 60 Lectures

UNIT-1: Overview of Datamining and warehousing

(12 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Predictive and descriptive data mining techniques, supervised and unsupervised learning techniques, process of knowledge discovery in databases, pre-processing methods, Data Visualization, Warehousing (Definition, Features and Advantages)

UNIT-2: Association Rule Mining

(14 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Association rule Definition, Market Basket Analysis, Mining association rules, frequent sets and border sets, algorithms for mining association rules –Apriori algorithm, Border set algorithm, Concepts of Maximal frequent sets and closed frequent sets

UNIT-3: Clustering, Classification and Regression

(22 Lectures, 18 Marks)

Clustering definition, Concept of Similarity measure and Distance Measure, Different types of data in clustering, Partition vs Hierarchical Clustering, Density based clustering methods-DBSCAN, Clustering versus Classification, decision tree construction principle, decision tree generation algorithms –CART, ID3, The Problem of over fitting and techniques for reducing it, Scalability and Data management issues in data mining algorithms, measures of interestingness

Unit-4: Data Warehouse

(12 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Warehouse architectures, Data warehouse vs Data Marts, Design Strategies, Modeling

Suggested Readings

- 1) A.K. Puzari, Data Mining Techniques, University Press.
- 2) J. Han and M. Kamber. Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques. Morgan Kaufman. 2001.
- 3) P. Tan, M. Steinbach and V. Kumar, Introduction to Data Mining, Pearson Education (LPE), 2009.
- 4) G.K. Gupta, Introduction to Data Mining with Case Studies, PHI, 2006.
- 5) Alex Berson, Stephen J.Smith, "Data warehousing Data mining and OLAP", Tata McGraw- Hill, 2nd Edition, 2007
- 6) PualrajPonnaiah, Wiley, "Data Warehousing Fundamentals", Student Edition, 2004.
- 7) Ralph Kimball, Wiley, "The Data warehouse Life Cycle Toolkit", Student Edition, 2006

ITBMAJ4014 DATAMINING AND WAREHOUSING LAB

(Preferred Platform C/C++/python)

- 1. Write a computer program to implement A priori algorithm using two different data structures for storing the item sets in the level wise generation of candidate sets.
- 2. Write a computer program to implement A priori algorithm using hashing to store the item sets in the level wise generation of candidate sets.
- 3. Write a computer program to implement the Pincer Search algorithm.
- 4. Write a computer program to implement the DIC (Dynamic Item set) algorithm.
- 5. Write a computer program to implement the Promoted Border Algorithm.
- 6. Write a computer program to implement the k-means algorithm and test it using the different similarity measures stated in the syllabus.
- 7. Write a computer program to implement the PAM algorithm.
- 8. Write a computer program to implement the CLARA algorithm.
- 9. Write a computer program to implement the CLARANS algorithm.
- 10. Write a computer program to implement the DBSCAN algorithm.
- 11. Write a computer program to implement the BIRCH algorithm.
- 12. Write a computer program to implement the CART algorithm.
- 13. Write a computer program to implement the ID3 algorithm.

ITBMAJ4024: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

(Credit 4, Total marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To study the image fundamentals and mathematical transforms necessary for image processing.
- To distinguish between various Spatial and Frequency domain filtering techniques.
- To get familiar with Image Restoration and compression techniques for making data communication easier.
- To work on design and development of Morphological Images and Image Segmentation.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to grasp the fundamental concepts of a digital image processing
- Learners would know how to analyze images in the frequency as well as spatial domain.
- Learners would be able to evaluate the techniques of image restoration and image compression.
- Learners would be able to interpret various image segmentation techniques.

Theory: 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Basics of Image Processing

(8 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Light, Brightness adaption and discrimination, Pixels, coordinate conventions, Imaging Geometry, Perspective Projection, sampling and quantization.

Unit-2: Spatial and Frequency domain filtering

(12 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Intensity transformations, contrast stretching, histogram equalization, Correlation and convolution, Smoothing filters, sharpening filters, gradient and Laplacian, Fourier Transforms and properties, FFT (Decimation in Frequency and Decimation in Time Techniques), Convolution, Correlation, 2-D sampling, Discrete Cosine Transform, Frequency domain filtering

Unit-3: Image Restoration and compression

(25 Lectures, 18 Marks)

Basic Framework, Interactive Restoration, Image deformation and geometric transformations, image morphing, Restoration techniques, Noise characterization, Noise restoration filters, Adaptive filters, Linear, Estimation of Degradation functions, Restoration from projections,

compression-Encoder-Decoder model, Types of redundancies, Lossy and Lossless compression, Entropy of an information source, Shannon's 1st Theorem, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, Bit-plane encoding, JPEG, Wavelet based Image Compression- Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT), Continuous Wavelet Transform, 2-D wavelet Transform

Unit-4: Morphological Image Processing & Segmentation (15 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Basics, SE, Erosion, Dilation, Opening, Closing, Hit-or-Miss Transform, Boundary Detection, Hole filling, Connected components, convex hull, thinning, thickening, skeletons, pruning, Boundary detection based techniques, Point, line detection, Edge detection, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Thresholding, Segmentation

Suggested Readings

- 1) R C Gonzalez, R E Woods, Digital Image Processing, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.2008.
- 2) A K Jain, Fundamentals of Digital image Processing, Prentice Hall of India.1989.
- 3) K R Castleman, Digital Image Processing, Pearson Education. 1996
- 4) Schalkoff, Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision, John Wiley and Sons. 1989.
- 5) 5.Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins, Digital Image Processing using MATLAB, Pearson Education, Inc., 2004.
- 6) Chetana Jain, Computing in Scilab, Cambridge University Press, 2022
- 7) Rajan Goyal, Programming in SCILAB, Narosa Publishing, 2019

ITBMAJ4024 LAB: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING LAB

- 1. Write program to read and display digital image using MATLAB or SCILAB
 - a. Become familiar with SCILAB/MATLAB Basic commands
 - b. Read and display image in SCILAB/MATLAB
 - c. Resize given image
 - d. Convert given color image into gray-scale image
 - e. Convert given color/gray-scale image into black & white image
 - f. Draw image profile
 - g. Separate color image in three R G & B planes
 - h. Create color image using R, G and B three separate planes
 - i. Flow control and LOOP in SCILAB
 - j. Write given 2-D data in image file
- 2. To write and execute image processing programs using point processing method
 - a. Obtain Negative image
 - b. Obtain Flip image
 - c. Thresholding
 - d. Contrast stretching
- 3. To write and execute programs for image arithmetic operations
 - a. Addition of two images
 - b. Subtract one image from other image
 - c. Calculate mean value of image
 - d. Different Brightness by changing mean value
- 4. To write and execute programs for image logical operations
 - a. AND operation between two images
 - b. OR operation between two images
 - c. Calculate intersection of two images
 - d. Water Marking using EX-OR operation
 - e. NOT operation (Negative image)
- 5. To write a program for histogram calculation and equalization using

- a. Standard MATLAB/SCILAB function
- b. Program without using standard MATLAB/SCILAB functions
- c. C Program
- 6. To write and execute program for geometric transformation of image
 - a. Translation
 - b. Scaling
 - c. Rotation
 - d. Shrinking
 - e. Zooming
- 7. To understand various image noise models and to write programs for
 - a. image restoration
 - b. Remove Salt and Pepper Noise
 - c. Minimize Gaussian noise
 - d. Median filter and Weiner filter
- 8. Write and execute programs to remove noise using spatial filters
 - a. Understand 1-D and 2-D convolution process
 - b. Use 3x3 Mask for low pass filter and high pass filter
- 9. Write and execute programs for image frequency domain filtering
 - a. Apply FFT on given image
 - b. Perform low pass and high pass filtering in frequency domain
 - c. Apply IFFT to reconstruct image
- 10. Write a program in C and MATLAB/SCILAB for edge detection using different edge detection mask
- 11. Write and execute program for image morphological operations erosion and dilation.
- 12. To write and execute program for wavelet transform on given image and perform inverse wavelet transform to reconstruct image.

ITBMAJ4034: COMPUTER NETWORKS-II

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course learning Objectives

- To get familiar with various service protocols in the transport layer.
- To understand and utilize socket programming concepts.
- To gather knowledge about the different network applications.
- To understand LAN and implement TCP/IP.

Course learning Outcomes

- Learner would be able to understand the significance of service protocols in Transport layer.
- Learner would be able to write socket programs.
- Learner could gain familiarity with various applications of network.
- Learner could setup LAN considering TCP/IP.

Theory 60 Lectures

UNIT 1: Transport Layer Protocols

(14 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Transport layer services, connection oriented Vs connectionless service protocols, circuit switching Vs packet switching, TCP, UDP, SCTP protocol.

UNIT 2: Socket Programming

(20 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Socket Introduction, TCP Sockets, TCP Client/Server Example, Signal handling, I/O Multiplexing using Sockets, Socket Options, UDP Sockets, UDP Client Server example, Address Lookup using Sockets

UNIT 3: Network Applications

(12 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Network traffic, Remote Terminal Access, Remote Logging, Email, WWW, HTTP

UNIT 4: LAN Administration

(14 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Network fundamentals, types of Networks, Network Topologies, Client Server Model, Linux and TCP/IP Networking, Network Management and Debugging

Suggested Readings

- 1) W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, Unix Network Programming, The sockets Networking API, Vol. 1, 3rd Edition, PHI.2003
- 2) B. A. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, Fourth edition, THM Publishing Company Ltd.,2003
- 3) Nemeth Synder & Hein, Linux Administration Handbook, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2010
- 4) R. Stevens, Unix Network Programming, PHI 2nd Edition, 1990
- 5) T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
- 6) Python Tutorial/Documentation www.python.or 2015

- 7) Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers, How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python, Freely available online.2012
- 8) 10.http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html
- 9) 11.http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- 10) http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/

ITBMAJ4034 LAB: COMPUTER NETWORKS-II LAB

Practical / Lab work to be performed Practical exercises based on concepts listed in theory. (Suggested Platform :- Python, C, C++)

- 1. Configure a Local Area Network (Wired/Ethernet) in Linux environment. Configure the network interface card using ifconfig command and also explore ping, ifdown and ifup commands
- 2. Write a server socket program using TCP/IP where the client side will send a request for an existing file to the server side and if the file exists in the server then send the contents of that particular file to the client in reply, otherwise display a message —file does not exist on the server, if exists displays the contents on the client side
- 3. Write a connection oriented TCP/IP socket program where a client will request for a file to the server and the server will send the file to client. The IP address of the server and file name will be given as command line argument (Use loopback interface).

ITBMAJ4044: NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROBABILITY

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand the accuracy and precision in representation of numbers and its significance
- To find the roots of the equation using non-linear and linear equation methods
- To understand one point iterative method for finding true roots
- To explore Linear interpolation, extrapolation and integration methods for finding values of approximation
- To comprehend probabilistic methods to solve real world problems
- To develop numerical solutions for computational problems

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to represent numbers with accuracy and precision
- Learners could apply various methods to find roots of the equation
- Learners would be able to calculate the numerical integration results with great accuracy
- Learners would be able to implement methods of probability and numerical solutions for solving real world problems

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Representation of numbers

(5 Lectures, 6 Marks)

Floating point representation and computer arithmetic, Significant digits, Errors: Round-off error, truncation error

Unit-2: Solution of non-linear and simultaneous linear equation (13 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Non-linear equation-Bisection method, Secant method, Regula–Falsi method, Newton–Raphson method, linear equation-Basic elimination method, Gauss Jordan method, Iterative methods-Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iterative methods

Unit-3: Interpolation, integration and extrapolation

(27 Lectures, 20 Marks)

Lagrange's form and Newton's form, Finite difference operators, Gregory Newton forward and backward differences Interpolation Piecewise polynomial interpolation: Linear interpolation, Numerical differentiation: First derivatives and second order derivatives,

Numerical integration-Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rules

Extrapolation methods-Romberg integration, Gaussian quadrature, Ordinary differential equation: Euler's method, Runge-Kutta second and fourth order methods.

Unit-4: Probability

(15 Lectures, 9 Marks)

Measure of central tendency: Mean, Median and Mode, Probability, Probability distribution, Binomial, Poison and normal distribution, Mathematical expectations, moments, correlation, regression.

Suggested Readings

- 1.M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyenger, R.K.Jain, Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, Wiley Easterns.
- 2. K.E. Atkinson, —An introduction to numerical analysis, J. Willey and Sons.
- 3. Laurence V. Fausett, Applied Numerical Analysis, Using MATLAB, Pearson, 2/e (2012)
- 4. Steven C Chapra, Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists, Tata McGraw Hill, 2/e (2010)
- 5. Chetana Jain, Computing in Scilab, Cambridge University Press, 2022
- 6. Rajan Goyal, Programming in SCILAB, Narosa Publishing, 2019

ITBMAJ4044: NUMERICAL METHODS AND PROBABILITY LAB

(Suggested tools: MATLAB/SCILAB / MATHEMATICA / MAPLE)

- 1. Find the roots of the equation by bisection method.
- 2. Find the roots of the equation by secant/Regula-Falsi method.
- 3. Find the roots of the equation by Newton's method.
- 4. Find the solution of a system of nonlinear equation using Newton's method.
- 5. Find the solution of system of equations using Jacobi/Gauss-Seidel method.
- 6. Evaluate the approximate value of finite integrals using Gaussian/Romberg integration.
- 7. Solve the boundary value problem using finite difference method.

ITBREM4014: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100) (Theory: 70 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To understand and comprehend the basics in research methodology
- To get familiar with data handling and literature review process.
- To write research papers and know how the review process is carried on.
- To grasp knowledge on dissertation/project report writing
- To acquire knowledge on ethical issues and professional conduct

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to understand the need of research methodology
- Learners would gain the knowledge of data collection for appropriate research approach.
- Learners would be able to write research papers with the knowledge of literature review.
- Learners would know how to exhibit professional conduct maintaining the ethical issues.

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to Research

(17 Lectures, 20 Marks)

What is Research? Types of Research, Why Research, Significance & Status of Research, Major Journals & Publications in Computer Science, Major Research Areas of Computer Science, Identification, selection & Formulation of research Problem, Developing a research Proposal, Planning your research,

Unit-2: Research Data & Literature Survey

(20 Lectures, 25 Marks)

What is data, Types of Data, Mathematical, Statistical and Computer Science views on data analysis, Finding out about your research area, Literature search strategy, Writing critical reviews, Identifying venues for publishing your research.

Unit-3: Writing Papers and the Review Process (8 Lectures, 10 Marks) Preparing and presenting your paper. The conference review process, The journal review process

UNIT 4: Dissertation/Thesis Writing, Ethical Issues & Professional Conduct (15 Lectures, 15 Marks)
Planning the Dissertation/Thesis, Writing the Dissertation/Thesis, Thesis structure,
Writing up schedule, The Oral examination (Viva Voce), Ethics in general, Professional Ethics, Ethical Issues that Arise from Computer Technology

Suggested Readings

- The Computer Science and Engineering (Editor-in-Chief) By Allen B.Tucker, JR. CRC Press, A CRC Handbook Published in Co-operation with ACM, The Association for Computing.
- 2) Research Methodology By Kothari C. R., Publisher: New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers

ITBMIN4014: INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE USING PYTHON

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn the basic terminologies of data science that helps discovering the hidden patterns in data.
- To explore the basics of the python programming environment in order to implement it in data science.
- To know how data acquiring and data cleaning techniques assist enormously in the manipulation phase of data.
- To employ how to explore, sort and analyze megadata from various sources and reach to conclusions optimizing business requirements.

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would grasp the basic terms data science that assists in the discovery of invisible patterns in data.
- Learners could work on python programming environment supporting data science tasks.
- Learners would know how to do data acquisition and implement data cleaning as a preprocessing activity.
- Learners would be able to explore, sort and analyze enormous amount of data and reach to such conclusions that optimizes business requirements easing the decision making.

Theory 60 Lectures

UNIT 1: Introduction to Data science

(5 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Data science and its importance, Data science tools- version control, markdown, Git, GitHub; Data analysis, turning data into actionable knowledge

UNIT 2: Python Programming Basics

(15 Lectures, 17 Marks)

Structure of a Python Program, Using Python as calculator, Python shell, Indentation, Atoms, Identifiers and keywords, Literals, Strings, Operators (Arithmetic operator, Relational operator, Logical or Boolean operator, Assignment, Operator, Ternary operator, Bit wise operator, Increment or Decrement operator). Creating Python Programs, Input and Output Statements, Control statements (Branching, Looping, Conditional Statement, Exit function, Difference between break, continue and pass), Functions

UNIT 3: Getting and Cleaning Data

(8 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Obtaining data from web, APIs, databases and from colleagues in various formats, basics of data cleaning and making data tidy

UNIT 4: Exploratory Data Analysis

(16 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Essential exploratory techniques for summarizing data, applied before formal modeling commences, eliminating or sharpening potential hypotheses about the world that can be addressed by the data, common multivariate statistical techniques used to visualize high dimensional data.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Rachel Schutt, Cathy O'Neil, "Doing Data Science: Straight Talk from the Frontiline" by Schroff/O'Reilly, 2013.
- 2. Foster Provost, Tom Fawcett, "Data Science for Business" What You Need to Know About Data Mining and Data-Analytic Thinking" by O'Reilly, 2013.
- 3. John W. Foreman, "Data Smart: Using data Science to Transform Information into Insight" by John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
- 4. Ian Ayres, "Super Crunchers: Why Thinking-by-Numbers Is the New Way to Be Smart" Ist Edition by Bantam, 2007.
- 5. Eric Seigel, "Predictive Analytics: The Power to Predict who Will Click, Buy, Lie, or Die", 1st Edition, by Wiley, 2013.
- 6. Matthew A. Russel, "Mining the Social Web: Data mining Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Goole+, GitHub, and More", Second Edition, by O'Reilly Media, 2013.
- 7. T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
- 8. Python Tutorial/Documentation www.python.or 2015
- 9. Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers, How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python, Freely available online.2012
- 10.http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html
- 11.http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- 12. http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/

ITBMIN4014 INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE USING PYTHON LAB

- 1. Write a program that prints 'Hello World' to the screen.
- 2. Write a program that asks the user for a number n and prints the sum of the numbers 1 to n
- 3. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for numbers up to 12.
- 4. Write a function that returns the largest element in a list.
- 5. Write a function that computes the running total of a list.
- 6. Write a function that tests whether a string is a palindrome.
- 7. Implement linear search.
- 8. Implement binary search.
- 9. Implement matrices addition, subtraction and Multiplication
- 10. Fifteen students were enrolled in a course. There ages were:

20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23

- i) Find the median age of all students under 22 years
- ii) Find the median age of all students
- iii) Find the mean age of all students
- iv) Find the modal age for all students
- v) Two more students enter the class. The age of both students is 23. What is now mean, mode and median?
- 11. Following table gives a frequency distribution of systolic blood pressure. Compute all the measures of dispersion. Midpoint 95.5 105.5 125.5 125.5 135.5 145.5 155.5 165.5 175.5 Number 5 8 22 27 17 9 5 5 2
- 12. Obtain probability distribution of, where X is number of spots showing when a six- sided symmetric die (i.e. all six faces of the die are equally likely) is rolled. Simulate random samples of sizes 40, 70 and 100 respectively and verify the frequency interpretation of probability.
- 13. Make visual representations of data using the base, lattice, and ggplot2 plotting systems, apply basic principles of data graphics to create rich analytic graphics from available datasets.

8TH SEMESTER

ITBMAJ4054: DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS (Credit: 4, Total Marks :100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn the concepts, architectures and models used in distributed systems
- To illustrate the event ordering techniques and distributed file systems to solve problems in an efficient, reliable and scalable way.
- To understand different consistency models and analyze security in distributed systems.
- To analyze P2P computing and distributed shared memory

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to acquire knowledge on architecture and communication model of distributed systems
- Learners could explain event ordering methods, snapshots and file system for scalable performance
- Learners could analyze and implement consistency models, run security and apply different recovery tools to get back the data
- Learners would be able to use peer-to-peer and get acquainted with distributed shared memory in receiving scalable performance

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Introduction to Distributed Systems

(15 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Concepts and types of distributed systems, Architecture, Overview of processes, Taxonomy of Distributed Systems, scalable performance, load balancing and availability Models of computation, shared memory and message passing system, synchronous and asynchronous systems, Communication in Distributed Systems, Remote Procedure Calls and Message Oriented Communications and implementation

Unit 2: Event Ordering and Snapshots

(15 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Global state and snapshot algorithms, distributed snapshots in VMs, clock synchronization, Distributed mutual exclusion, Group based Mutual Exclusion, leader election, deadlock detection, termination detection, Distributed Databases, implementations over a simple distributed system and case studies of distributed databases and systems, Distributed file systems: scalable performance, load balancing, and availability. Examples from Dropbox, Google FS (GFS)/ Hadoop Distributed FS (HDFS), Bigtable/HBase MapReduce, RDD

Unit 3: Consistency control and Recovery

(15 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Data Centric Consistency, Client Centric Consistency, Replica Management, Consistency Protocols, Fault tolerance and recovery: basic concepts, fault models, agreement problems and its applications, commit protocols, voting protocols, Case Studies from Apache Spark, Google Spanner, Amazon Aurora, Block Chain Systems etc, Issues in

failure recovery, Checkpoint-based recovery, Log-based rollback recovery, Coordinated checkpointing algorithm, Algorithm for asynchronous checkpointing and recovery

UNIT-4 P2P & Distributed Shared Memory

(15 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Peer-to-peer computing and overlay graphs- Data indexing and overlays, Chord, Content addressable networks, Tapestry, Distributed shared memory- Abstraction and advantages, Memory consistency models, Shared memory Mutual Exclusion.

Suggested Readings

- 1. M. Van Steen, A.S. Tanenbaum, Distributed Systems, Third Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2017.
- 2. Ajay D. Kshemkalyani and Mukesh Singhal, Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms and Systems, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
- 3. Garg VK. Elements of distributed computing. John Wiley & Sons, 2002.
- 4. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, Tim Kindberg and Gordon Blair, Distributed Systems: Concepts and Design, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2017

ITBMAJ4054: DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS LAB

(Suggested tools/application: C/Python)

- 1. Write a server (TCP) program that opens a listening socket and waits to serve client
- 2. Write a client (TCP) program that connects with the server program knowing IP address and port number.
- 3. Get the input string from console on client and send it to server. Further the server echoes back that string to the client.
- 4. Write a client (UDP) program that calls *sendto* to send string to server program knowing IP address and port number.
- 5. Implement any election algorithm

ITBADL4014: ADVANCED DBMS (Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To know the database design schema and query processing
- To learn and understand database retrieval techniques
- To gain knowledge on parallel and distributed database systems
- To analyse and design methods for solutions of real world problems

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would acquire knowledge of Database approach and query optimization
- Learners would be able use various data access approaches
- Learners would be able to describe Parallel and distributed database systems, the new database architectures and query operators
- Learners would develop Skills to build up new methods in databases based on knowledge of existing techniques
- Learners would attain ability to apply acquired knowledge for developing holistic solutions based on database approaches

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit 1: Overview of DBMS

(12 Lectures, 12 Marks)

Database design, Query processing, Data modeling, ER, EER, Object Oriented Databases, Object Relational Databases, Document oriented Databases, Background of NoSQL, XML document, Structure of XML Data, XML Document Schema, Querying and Transformation, API, Storage of XML Data, XML Applications.

Unit 2 Database Retrieval

(12 Lectures, 7 Marks)

Information Retrieval Systems, Database organization for data access, Multidimensional Indexes, Data Cubes, Grid Files, R-trees

Unit 3 Distributed Databases

(12 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Data Distribution, Distributed Transactions, Parallel Databases, Performance measure, Parallel operations for relational operations, Information Integration, Data Warehouses, Mediators, Schema matching methods.

Unit-4: Query Processing and Lock Management

(24 Lectures, 17 Marks)

Review of SQL99, Basics of query processing, external sorting, file scans, Processing of joins, materialized vs. pipelined processing, query transformation rules, DB transactions, ACID properties, interleaved executions, schedules, serializability, lock-Correctness of interleaved execution, Locking and management of locks, 2PL, deadlocks, multiple level granularity, CC on B+ trees, Optimistic CC

Suggested Readings

- 1) Elmasri, R., & Navathe, S.B. (2015), "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 7th edition.

 Pearson
- 2) Silberschatz, H. Korth and Sudarshan, "Database Concepts", Sixth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 3) Hector Garcia-Molina, Jeff Ullman, and Jennifer Widom, "Database Systems: The Complete Book", Pearson, 2011.
- 4) Alex Berson, Stephen J. Smith, "Data warehousing, Datamining, and OLAP", Tata McGraw Hill edition 12th Reprint 2008
- 5) R. Ramakrishnan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems, McGraw Hill, 2004
- 6) R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, "Database Systems Models, Languages, Design and application Programming", 6 Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- 7) Baron Schwartz, High Performance MySQL, O'Reilly, 2012.
- 8) VikramVaswani, The Complete Reference MySQL, McGraw Hill Educations, 2004

ITBADL4014 LAB: ADVANCED DBMS LAB

(Suggestd Tool : MySQL)

1. Create a table STUDENT and populate using following data

regno	stdname	subject	scholarship
R001	John	ITB	55000
R002	Jack	PHY	87000
R003	Johny	СНМ	40000
R004	Mark	ITB	87000
R005	Rini	ITB	60000
R006	Gold	PHY	88000

2 Create a table STDGROUP and populate using following data

regno	course	group	semester	year
R001	PHY-1	А	Semester-1	2023
R001	ITB-1	А	Semester-2	2022
R001	ITB-2	А	Semester-2	2023
R002	CHM-1	А	Semester-3	2022
R003	CHM-1	А	Semester-2	2023
R004	PHY-2	В	Semester-1	2022
R004	CHM-2	В	Semester-2	2023
R005	ITB-3	А	Semester-2	2023

I. Write SQL queries

- 1) Find those tuples from STUDENT where subject = 'ITB'
- 2) Find the names of students from STUDENT who have PHY as their subject
- 3) Find the names of all students from STUDENT whose name includes contains "a".
- 4) Find the names of all students from STUDENT scholarship between 80000 and 90000
- 5) Order the tuples in the STDGROUP as per semester.
- 6) Find courses that ran in 'semester-2' in the year 2023
- 7) Find courses that ran in 'Semester-1' in the year 2022 and in semester-1 in the year 2023
- 8) Find the Groups of 'John' and 'Jack'
- 9) Add ('R005, 'ITB-4', 'A', 'Semester-2', '2023') additional tuple in STDGROUP
- 10) Find all students from STUDENT and STDGROUP whose group is 'A' and scholarship>40000
- 11) Find the average scholarship of students in the Computer Science ITB subject.
- 12) Give select privileges on the view faculty to the new user
- 13) Create a view stdgroup from STDGROUP of group 'B' without scholarship
- 14) Give select privilege on the view stdgroup to the new user.
- 15) Design a database with several users like university database, railways ticket database. Visualize the use of the database, the requirements of the management, end users etc. Fill the database with sample data. Assign different privileges to different users. Login as different users and test their privileges.

ITBADL4024 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (MIS)

(Credit: 4, Total Marks: 100) (Theory: 70 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To generate information for decision making on planning, initiating, organizing, and controlling the operations of any enterprise.
- To study the need for Information system in business enterprises.
- To get familiar with various applications of MIS and MIS Control Systems

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to provide information for decision making by enterprise owners.
- Learners could gather the Need for Information system
- Learners would be comfortable with the application of MIS and MIS control systems

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Organization

(10 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Definition & features of Organization, the role of manager in organization, managers and decision making, types of decision, decision making life cycle.

Unit-2: Need for Information system

(20 Lectures, 21 Marks)

Role of information system in organization, importance of information system, Information needs of different organization levels, Concept of MIS, Definition, Characteristics of MIS, types of MIS –DSS and GDSS, Introduction to business functions, processes and data requirements within an enterprise, Enterprise wide IT systems, Managing Enterprise through ERP, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP): concepts, techniques and tools, ERP selection and implementation issues, SAP based hands-on case studies.

Unit-3: Application of MIS

(20 Lectures, 22 Marks)

Manufacturing sector Marketing Management, Production Management, Financial Management and Personnel Management, Service sector Airlines, Hotel, Hospital and Banking, Marketing sector Customer Relationship Management, Supply Chain Management

Unit-4: MIS control System

(10 Lectures, 13 Marks)

Information system security and control System vulnerability, creating a control environment.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Management Information Systems by Jawadekar W. S,2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill (TMH)
- 2. Management Information Systems: Conceptual Foundations, Structure & Development by Davis G/ Olson, M., 2nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill (TMH) Publications India
- 3. Management Information System: Text & Cases by Jawadekar W. S., 4th edition, Tata McGraw Hill (TMH)
- 4. Management Information Systems, by James A. O'Brien, George M. Marakas, Ramesh Behl, 11th Edition, 2019, McGraw Hill Education
- 5. Kenneth C. Laudon, Jane P. Laudon, "Management Information System, Managing the Digital Firm", Ninth Edition, Pearson Education

ITBADL4034: CYBER SECURITY (Credit:4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To learn and understand cyber security fundamentals
- To familiarize the various cyber/ internet crimes and their causes
- To analyze data privacy for cyber security management
- To develop skills on securing the system using safety tools.
- To be aware of the laws imposed for controlling cyber crimes

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be able to explain the concepts of cyber security
- Learners would become aware of cyber crimes and illustrate their reason
- Learners would be able to evaluate different safety tools and apply them in security management
- Learners would gain awareness on different laws of Cyber crimes and legal landscape around the world

Theory 60 Lectures

Unit-1: Overview of Cyber security

(8 Lectures, 8 Marks)

Cyber security, increasing threat landscape, Cyber security terminologies- Cyberspace, attack, attack vector, attack surface, threat, risk, vulnerability, exploitation, hacker, Nonstate actors, Cyber terrorism, Protection of end user machine, Cyber warfare

Unit-2: Cyber crimes

(15 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Cyber crimes targeting Computer systems and Mobiles- data diddling attacks, spyware, logic bombs, DoS, DDoS, APTs, virus, Trojans, ransomware, data breach, Online scams and frauds- email scams, Phishing, Vishing, Smishing, Online job fraud, Online sextortion, Debit/ credit card fraud, Online payment fraud, Cyberbullying, website defacement, Cyber squatting, Pharming, Cyber espionage, Cryptojacking, Darknetillegal trades, drug trafficking, human trafficking., Social Media Scams & Fraudsimpersonation, identity theft, fake news, cyber crime against persons - cyber grooming, child pornography, cyber stalking, Social Engineering attacks, Cyber Police stations, Crime reporting procedure

Unit-3: Data Privacy and Data Security, Cyber security Management (17 Lectures, 16 Marks)

Defining data, meta-data, big data, non-personal data, Data protection, Data privacy and data security, Personal Data Protection Bill and its compliance, Data protection principles, Big data security issues and challenges, Data protection regulations of other countries- General Data Protection Regulations(GDPR),2016, Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA)., Social media- data privacy and security issues,

Cyber security Plan- cyber security policy, cyber crises management plan, Business continuity, Risk assessment, Types of security controls and their goals, Cyber security audit and compliance, National cyber security policy and strategy.

Unit-4: Safety Tools, Issues and Cyber Laws

(20 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Security Governance, Firewalls, Logging and Intrusion Detection systems, Windows and windows XP / NT security, Unix/Linux security, ethics of hacking and cracking, cyber laws-Cyber crime and legal landscape around the world, IT Act, 2000 and its amendments, Limitations of IT Act, 2000. Cyber crime and punishments, Cyber Laws and Legal and ethical aspects related to new technologies- AI/ML, IoT, Blockchain, Darknet and Social media, Cyber Laws of other countries, Case Studies

[Section 43] Penalty and Compensation for damage to computer, computer system, etc.

[Section 65] Tampering with Computer Source Documents

[Section 66 A] Punishment for sending offensive messages through communication service, etc.

[Section 66 B] Punishments for dishonestly receiving stolen computer resource or communication device

[Section 66C] Punishment for identity theft

[Section 66D] Punishment for cheating by personating by using computer resource

[Section 66E] Punishment for violation of privacy

[Section 66F] Punishment for cyber terrorism

[Section 67] Punishment for publishing or transmitting obscene material in electronic form

[Section 67A] Punishment for publishing or transmitting of material containing sexually explicit act, etc. in electronic form

[Section 67B] Punishment for publishing or transmitting of material depicting children in sexually explicit act, etc. in electronic form

[Section 72] Breach of confidentiality and privacy

Suggested Readings

- 1. Cyber Security Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives by Sumit Belapure and Nina Godbole, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Information Warfare and Security by Dorothy F. Denning, Addison Wesley.
- 3. Security in the Digital Age: Social Media Security Threats and Vulnerabilities by Henry A. Oliver, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform.
- 4. Data Privacy Principles and Practice by Natraj Venkataramanan and Ashwin Shriram, CRC Press.
- 5. Information Security Governance, Guidance for Information Security Managers by W. KragBrothy, 1st Edition, Wiley Publication.
- 6. Auditing IT Infrastructures for Compliance By Martin Weiss, Michael G. Solomon, 2nd Edition, Jones Bartlett Learning
- 7. G.R.F. Snyder, T. Pardoe, Network Security, Cengage Learning, 2010

ITBADL4034 LAB: CYBER SECURITY LAB PRACTICAL

- 1) Demonstrate the use of Network tools: ping, ipconfig, ifconfig, tracert, arp, netstat, whois
- 2) Use of Password cracking tools: John the Ripper, Ophcrack. Verify the strength of passwords using these tools.
- 3) Perform encryption and decryption of Caesar cipher. Write a script for performing these operations.
- 4) Perform encryption and decryption of a Rail fence cipher. Write a script for performing these operations.
- 5) Use nmap/zenmap to analyse a remote machine.
- 6) Use Burp proxy to capture and modify the message.
- 7) Demonstrate sending of a protected word document.
- 8) Demonstrate sending of a digitally signed document.
- 9) Demonstrate sending of a protected worksheet.
- 10) Setting privacy settings on social media platforms.
- 11) Do's and Don'ts for posting content on Social media platforms.
- 12) Registering complaints on a Social media platform
- 13) Prepare password policy for computer and mobile device.
- 14) List out security controls for computer and implement technical security controls in the personal computer.
- 15) List out security controls for mobile phone and implement technical security controls in the personal mobile phone.
- 16) Log into computer system as an administrator and check the security policies in the system.

ITBMIN4024: INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

(Credit:4, Total Marks: 100)

(Theory: 50 Marks, Practical: 20 Marks, Internal: 30 Marks)

Course Learning Objectives

- To become familiar of the characteristics and attributes of embedded systems
- To learn application specific and domain specific embedded systems, the embedded hardware and peripherals
- To design and program embedded system
- To analyze and develop systems using the real time operating system

Course Learning Outcomes

- Learners would be aware of the structural units of the embedded systems
- Learners would be able to gain knowledge on embedded firmware, operational and non-operational quality attributes
- Learners would become aware of application specific embedded systems like washing machine and domain specific embedded systems like automotive, types of memory, device and timer drivers etc.
- Learners would be able to analyze real-time characteristics of operating systems, embedded system environment – IDE, types of file generated on cross compilation, simulator, emulator and debugging and develop system with RTOS Based Embedded System Design

Theory 60 Lectures

UNIT-1 Introduction to Embedded Systems

(12 Lectures, 10 Marks)

Introduction to Embedded Systems, Structural units in Embedded processor, selection of processor & memory devices, DMA, Memory management methods, Timer and Counting devices, Watchdog Timer, Real Time Clock, In circuit emulator, simulator, Target Hardware Debugging.

UNIT-2 Embedded Networking

(12 Lectures, 11 Marks)

Introduction, I/O Device Ports & Buses, Serial Bus communication protocols RS232 standard, RS422, RS 485, CAN Bus -Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI), Inter Integrated Circuits (I2C), need for device drivers

UNIT-3 Embedded Firmware Development Environment

(16 Lectures, 14 Marks)

Embedded Product Development Life Cycle- objectives, different phases of EDLC, Modeling of EDLC; issues in Hardware-software Co-design, Data Flow Graph, state machine model, Sequential Program Model, concurrent Model, object oriented Model,

UNIT-4 RTOS Based Embedded System Design

(20 Lectures, 15 Marks)

Introduction to basic concepts of RTOS- Task, process & threads, IDE, types of file generated on cross compilation, simulator, emulator and debugging, interrupt routines in RTOS, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling, Task communication shared memory, message passing, Inter process Communication,

synchronization between processes, semaphores, Mailbox, pipes, priority inversion, priority inheritance.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Rajkamal, 'Embedded system-Architecture, Programming, Design', TMH, 2011.
- 2. Peckol, "Embedded system Design", John Wiley&Sons,2010
- 3. Shibu.K.V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", TataMcgraw Hill,2009
- 4. Lyla B Das," Embedded Systems-An Integrated Approach", Pearson 2013
- 5. Elicia White,"Making Embedded Systems",O'Reilly Series,SPD,2011
- 6. Bruce Powel Douglass,"Real-Time UML Workshop for Embedded Systems, Elsevier, 2011
- 8. Tammy Noergaard, "Embedded System Architecture, A comprehensive Guide for Engineers and Programmers", Elsevier, 2006
- 9. Jonathan W.Valvano,"Embedded Microcomputer Systems ,Real Time Interfacing",Cengage Learning,3rd edition,2012

ITBMIN4024 LAB: INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS LAB

Case Study

- 1) Washing Machine
- 2) Refrigerator,
- 3) Smart Vehicle System,
- 4) Automotive Application,
- 5) Smart Card System,
- 6) Application-ATM Teller Machine,
- 7) Digital Camera

ITBREP40112 Dissertation